

July 19'22

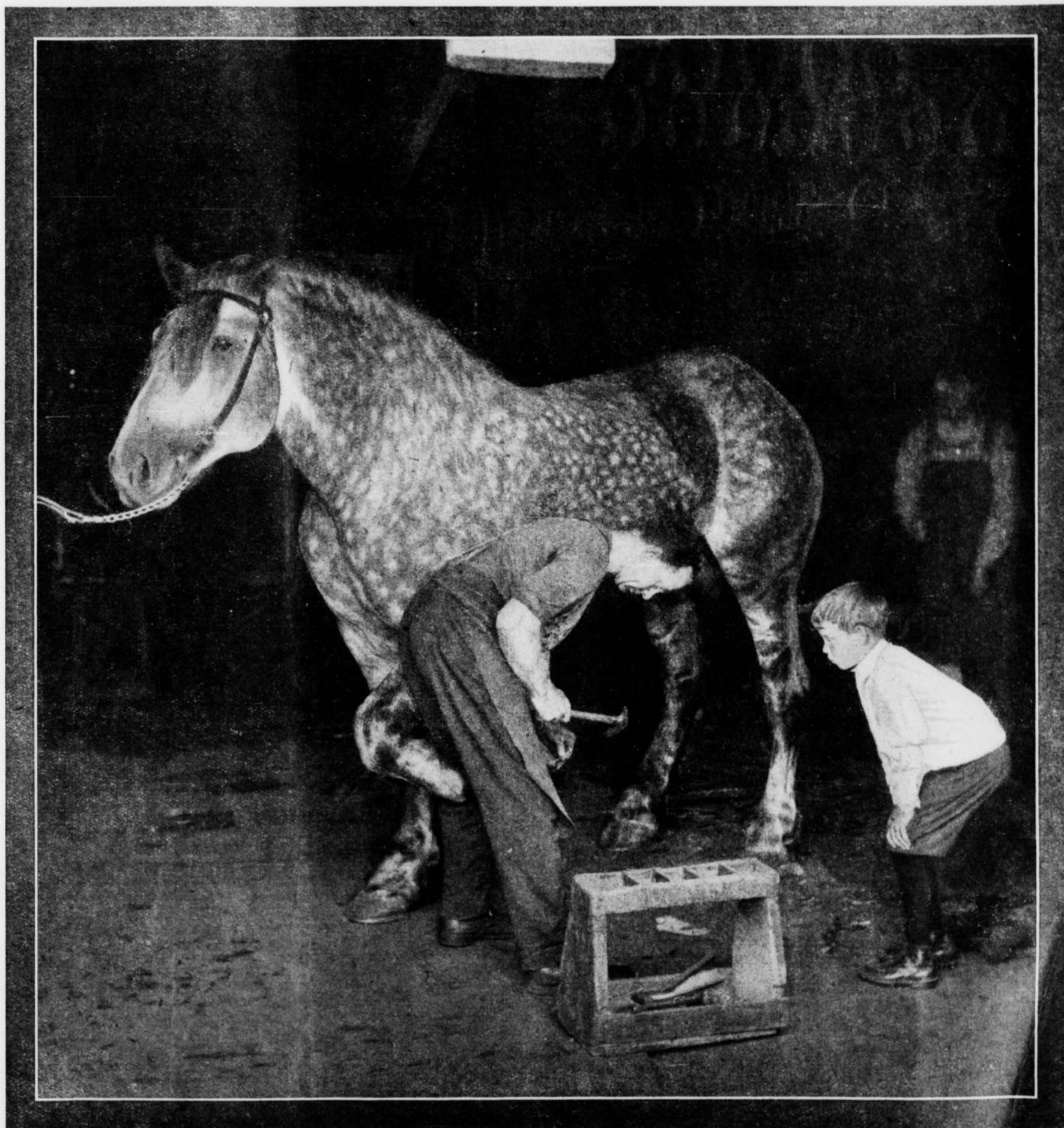
THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

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Winnipeg, Man.

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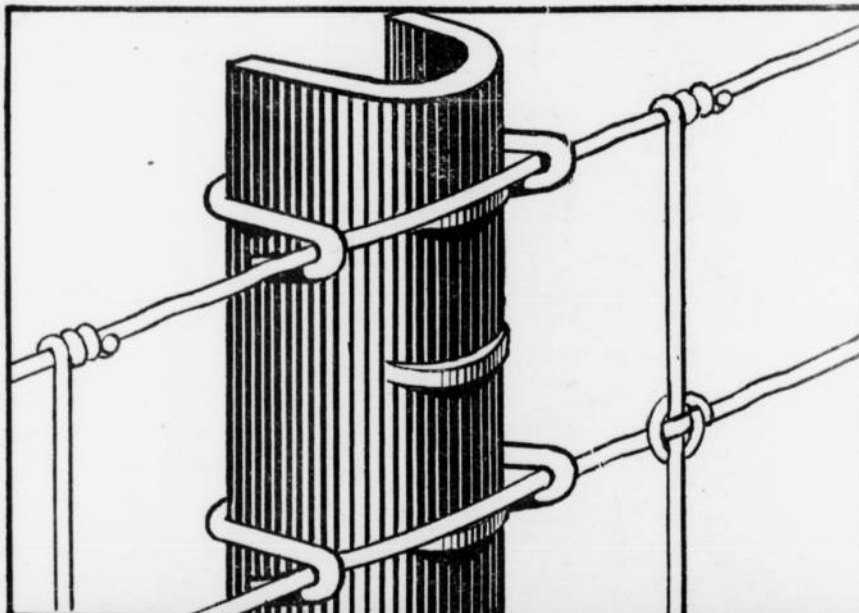


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The Guide is absolutely owned and controlled by the organized farmers—entirely independent, and not one dollar of political, capitalistic or special interest money is invested in it.

GEORGE F. CHIPMAN
Editor and Manager

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J. T. HULL
Associate Editor

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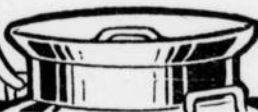
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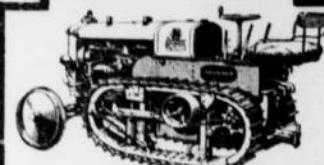
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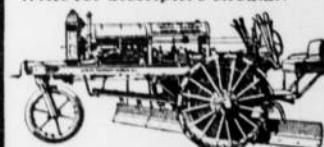
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Feeding Value of Sunflower Silage

Apropos of this question of sunflowers for silage a test made with twelve cows at the Indian Head, Sask., Dominion Experimental Farm indicated, first, that the feeding value of sunflower silage is slightly lower than corn silage for the production of milk; second, that its feeding value in the maintenance of dry, pregnant cows is fully equal to, and probably better than corn silage; third, that in palatability sunflower silage is fully equal to corn silage, and, fourth, that the only limiting factor observed in connection with the test was the stimulating action of sunflower silage on the kidneys.

Fall Rye For Pasture

The growing of fall rye as a grain crop has increased greatly in Western Canada in recent years. In addition to its general value for grain production it is capable of filling an important place as a pasture crop. On Brandon Experimental Farm it has been used to quite an extent as a supplementary pasture crop and has given very satisfactory results. It is much better for this purpose than spring rye because of its tendency to grow a covering of leaves over the ground as is the habit of winter crops rather than to shoot quickly into head. It does not produce as good a quality of pasture as the best grasses and clovers, and it is not proposed that it should replace these as the main pasture. However, there are seasons when the regular pastures are scanty and supplementary pasture crops to fill these gaps are worthy of consideration.

Early and Late

One of the best features of fall rye for pasture is its earliness in the spring. Since it lives over winter, it is ready to grow in the spring as soon as conditions are favorable. It does not require much heat to start the rye, it grows in the cold April weather when many other kinds of fodder crops are not able to start. Consequently it has a good growth as soon as the land has dried in the spring sufficiently to carry the cattle. It is early and more nutritious than the first growth of grass and much ahead of anything else in point of time.

It is also particularly valuable for late fall pasture. When other crops are all harvested or are dried up or the more tender ones frozen, fall rye will be providing abundance of feed right up to freeze-up. It can also be used for midsummer feed by sowing it in June. However, there are other crops equally as good or better for this purpose.

Seeding for Pasture

For fall and spring pasture, fall rye should be sown earlier than the best date for grain production. During the month of August or even the last of July is a good time to sow it. More seed may be used for pasture production than is best for grain. A bushel and a half or one and three-quarters gives a good thick stand for pasturing.

It should not be pastured too bare in the fall, there should be enough growth to cover the ground for protection in the winter. In the spring it is better to pasture it closely and keep it down as it is not very acceptable to stock after it begins to head out.—W. C. McKillican.

The Potato Acreage

Fruit and Vegetable Crop Report No. 2, issued by the Fruit Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, in a summary of crop prospects, furnishes interesting information on the acreage planted to potatoes throughout the Dominion this year. By provinces the summary reads as follows:

British Columbia—Ninety-nine per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 16,500 acres.

Alberta—Ninety-seven per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 50,000 acres.

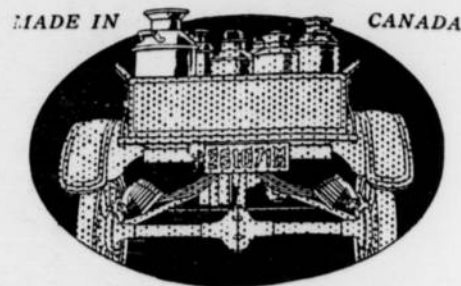
Saskatchewan—Ninety-four per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 55,000 acres.

Manitoba—Ninety-eight per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 37,300 acres.

Ontario—Ninety-nine per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 162,000 acres.

Quebec—One hundred and six per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 235,000 acres.

New Brunswick—Ninety-nine per cent. of the acreage of 1921, or 35,400 acres.



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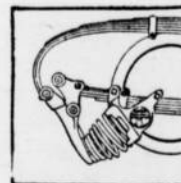
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The Grain Growers' Guide

Winnipeg, Wednesday, July 19, 1922

By Way of Explanation

The date of the Manitoba elections placed The Guide in a peculiar position. When this issue reaches our readers the elections will be over, and it would therefore have been fruitless to discuss election questions in this number. Moreover, as The Guide goes to press on the Saturday preceding the date of issue, we cannot give the results of the elections until next week. In these circumstances Manitoba election matters are not touched upon in this issue of The Guide, but a complete story of the elections will appear next week.

The Wheat Board

A conference was held at Regina last week between representatives of the Saskatchewan and Alberta governments on the question of the provincial legislation which is required to establish the Wheat Board. It was given out after the conference that the Saskatchewan government is prepared to go ahead with the necessary legislation and to call a special session of the legislature to pass the legislation. The result of the conference was to be laid before his colleagues by Premier Greenfield, and at this time of writing (Friday) no announcement has been made on behalf of the Alberta government.

The Wheat Board Act as passed by the Dominion parliament leaves to the provinces the enactment of the compulsory and monopoly powers of the board, and at least two of the prairie provinces must enact such legislation before the Wheat Board can be established. It will be difficult for Manitoba to come into the scheme in such circumstances because of the provincial elections. Whatever the result of the elections, it will take time to get things in order for a special session of the legislature, and time is now a vital factor in the question, for the board must be established before the crop begins to move.

The financing of the board will be no easy matter. The Dominion government stood behind the Wheat Board of 1919 and guaranteed repayment of its borrowings from the banks. The present Wheat Board Act contains no similar guarantee, but, according to press reports, Premier Dunning is of the opinion that with monopoly control by the provinces there will be no great difficulty in arranging finance. That depends somewhat on the attitude of the banks and the amount that will be required, and it may be that the financing of the board will prove the greatest difficulty to be overcome. It has also to be remembered that the Dominion government has the last word in the matter. It must approve the legislation of the provinces and the financing as well. How this duality of power and responsibility will work out cannot be predicted; experience alone will show.

The fact cannot be escaped that the division of jurisdiction between Dominion and provinces creates, in a matter of this kind, difficulties that are not easy to overcome. That is one of the disadvantages of a federal state. But the legislation secured is the best that the circumstances will allow, and if it impose upon the provinces concerned responsibilities that are too onerous, consideration will have to be given to other methods for the establishment of an efficient and satisfactory marketing system.

The Cattle Embargo

The House of Lords last week listened to eight or nine speeches on the cattle embargo, but the debate was one of the kind that gets nowhere. The Duke of Devonshire made a strong plea for the removal of the embargo

and emphasized the beneficial effect the removal would have upon the development of the stock industry in Canada. Lord Ernle who, as Mr. Prothro, former minister of agriculture, gave the promise of removal to Sir Robert Borden, admitted that the promise had been given at the Imperial Conference of 1917, but he went on to plead changed conditions, and his argument became frankly one of protection for British agriculture. Lord Chaplin, who was Henry Chaplin, one of the most redoubtable protagonists of protection in Great Britain even before Chamberlain commenced the great tariff reform movement, put up the usual protectionist arguments.

The debate showed, in fact, that the traditional argument for the embargo has been thrown overboard. Even defenders of the embargo are prepared to admit that Canadian cattle are perfectly clean and healthy and that their importation would be no menace to the health of British stock. Their argument now for the maintenance of the embargo is the argument upon which the Safeguarding of Industries Act rests, in other words, the necessity for protection to agriculture in present conditions. With the abandonment of the charge of disease against Canadian cattle and the adoption of a frankly protectionist argument for the embargo, the question becomes one of a purely domestic character, an issue between the protectionists and the free traders, with a large section of the farmers supporting the free traders because they want Canadian cattle to finish for the British market.

The subject is to be debated in the British House of Commons this week or next, and the government will give no lead on the matter for the cabinet is as much divided on it as the House. It is to be a free-for-all, and the government will accept the decision of the House.

Women Discuss Taxation

There is no more important public question in this country today than that of taxation, in fact, it is the most important public question in nearly every country. Mr. Fielding is borrowing \$350,000,000 this year, and he admitted in his budget speech that the finance minister of next year would have to devise new taxes in order to make revenue and expenditure balance.

It is the more interesting, therefore, to note that at the recent convention of the National Council of Women, held at Port Arthur, the committee on taxation report, read by Mrs. E. M. Murray, of Halifax, vigorously criticized high tariff duties, denounced protection as preventing nations from recovering from the effects of the war by imposing obstacles in the way of the exchange of goods, claimed that land speculation prevented settlement on the attractive lands in the West and urged taxation of the unearned increment of land as a means of increasing the revenue without adding to the cost of living. Following the report a resolution was passed by the convention endorsing the recommendation for taxation of land values.

The recommendation and the resolution are on the right line. It is realized very clearly by competent authorities today that taxation must fall upon surplus, that is, that part of income which is the least necessary for the carrying on of the economic processes in society and the maintenance of decent standards of living, and what is called the unearned increment of land is pure surplus, although it would not be true to say that only land gives such surplus. The unearned

increment of land is that addition of value which comes from position in relation to a community. It is site value and it grows without any individual exertion on the part of the owner. The value is created by the community developing in the neighborhood of the land. It is socially created value, and socially created wealth is pre-eminently a proper subject of taxation, even of exceptionally stiff taxation since it robs none of the results of labor.

There are, however, other forms of surplus and socially created wealth, and they need to be considered as well as the unearned increment of land. Income taxes and inheritance taxes reach these other forms, and excess profits taxes can reach the surplus in business. It is good, however, to see these expressions of opinion on taxation from women, for not so long ago the average politician ridiculed the idea of women having opinions on such subjects. There is a grave need for serious study of the question of how this country is to meet its obligations, and the various organizations of both men and women throughout the country might do worse than start a course of study in taxation.

Redistribution

Just before prorogation of parliament, Premier King, in reply to a question from a Progressive member, promised that one of the first of the matters to come before the next session of the House would be a bill providing for redistribution of seats in accordance with the last decennial census.

The British North America Act provides that Quebec shall have the fixed number of 65 members, and that the representation of each of the other provinces shall bear the same relation to the population of the province as the number 65 bears to the population of Quebec. The population of Quebec is 2,361,199, which divided by 65 gives 36,326 as the unit of representation. This gives the following representation for the respective provinces: Quebec 65; Nova Scotia 14; New Brunswick 11; Prince Edward Island 4; Ontario 82; Manitoba 17; Saskatchewan 21; Alberta 16; British Columbia 14 and the Yukon 1. The membership of the House of Commons will thus be increased from 235 to 245, and the West will gain 12 seats, Nova Scotia losing two. The three prairie provinces will send 54 instead of 43 representatives to Ottawa. Strictly, Ontario is only entitled to 81 representatives on the population of the province, but certain provisions in the B.N.A. Act with regard to readjustment of representation will enable Ontario to retain her 82 members. Prince Edward Island stands at four members because the B.N.A. Act provides that representation of any province in the House of Commons shall not be less than such province's representation in the Senate.

Redistribution will give rise to an interesting debate. There is a growing demand for a more equal distribution of seats as between urban and rural population, and in the East representation by population appeals to the urban electorate. Both Progressives and Liberals, however, are pledged to the introduction of proportional representation where feasible, and if urban representation be increased, the better plan would be to accompany it with proportional representation instead of merely increasing the number of single member constituencies. A similar problem will be faced in the creation

of 11 new seats in the three prairie provinces. With the present division of political thought throughout the country proportional representation provides the only means for securing a representation that will adequately reflect opinion in the constituencies.

A Scrap Over Honors

Quite a racket has been raised in South Africa and in the British House of Commons over the bestowal of a peerage upon Sir J. B. Robinson, a South African banking and mining magnate. Premier Smuts assured the Union Assembly that the honor followed no recommendation from him, and that he had nothing whatever to do with it. British M.P.'s have been asking all kinds of impertinent but interesting questions about it, and the recipient of the honor added to the piquancy of the discussion in the country by the public announcement that he did not seek the honor, and that he was too old a man to care now for such things, and he politely asked His Majesty to allow him to refuse the honor. Premier Lloyd George had little defence to make of the government beyond saying that every administration had been accused of trafficking in honors, and that there was nothing to the charge that the dominant party had profited by the affair. The Speaker ruled out of order a question asking how much the South African banker paid for his peerage.

There has been a similar row in South Australia over the knighting of the state's premier, H. N. Barwell, a labor conference paying particular attention to it and denouncing it as "an insult to white Australia," apparently because Premier Barwell advocates the importation of colored labor for the development of the tropical parts of Australia.

These objections however register a feel-

ing that goes far beyond the particular cases. Dominion self government gives force to the British objection that honors in the Dominions should follow only recommendations from the governments of the Dominions. The Dominions themselves object to titles, because titles are incongruous in their societies, and also because titles are but rarely bestowed upon those who really deserve them. British reformers object to them because while in the olden days the king charged the recipient of honor at his royal hands, nowadays the dominant political party does the charging, and the receiver of the honor pays into the party campaign chest.

Outside of a comparatively few worthy cases the conferring of titles is a joke; titles themselves are fast becoming an archaic institution. Canada set the example of declining to have anything to do with titles; the other Dominions may soon follow suit and leave it to the British democrats to put the finishing strokes to this survival of feudalism.

Provincial Inheritance Taxes

A judgment of some importance to provincial governments was rendered a few days ago in the Quebec Court of Appeal, in a case affecting the right of the government of Quebec to collect succession duties on certain moveable property. The decedent had lived in Halifax, and he died intestate, leaving property which included shares in a chartered bank, a trust company and a commercial company, all of which had their headquarters in Montreal. The estate devolved according to the laws of Nova Scotia, but the government of Quebec claimed the right to tax these shares according to the laws of Quebec. The Court held that the law

of Quebec governed moveables in the province, whether physically or by legal fiction situate therein, that the shares in question were situate in Quebec by legal fiction, and that the province might therefore impose succession duties on the property. To the contention that this involved double taxation inasmuch as the property might be taxed by the governments of both Quebec and Nova Scotia, the Court replied that there is nothing illegal in double taxation, and that in any case it was a matter for the consideration of the provinces affected.

This decision is, to use a colloquialism, "pie" for Quebec. Montreal is the industrial and financial centre of the Dominion. It is the headquarters of practically all the big financial institutions, and this decision of the Quebec court means that no matter where the owner lives, shares in concerns with headquarters in Montreal are subject to the succession duties of Quebec, because such shares are by legal fiction situated in Quebec. It means practically that Quebec will tax wealth really owned in other provinces. As the province where the owner lived may also tax such shares as part of his estate, it is apparent, especially in view of the demand for a federal inheritance tax, that there is need for some uniformity in the case of inheritance taxes to prevent confusion and conflict of jurisdictions.

The beneficiaries in the above case contended that the law of Quebec as applied to such property was unconstitutional, and it is possible that the matter may not be allowed to rest with the decision of the Court of Appeal. In any case the decision gives strength to the demand made by the Council of Agriculture, and recently by the Canadian Manufacturers Association, for a conference of taxing authorities for the purpose of delimiting fields of tax jurisdiction.



Delivering the Goods

A Letter to a Pioneer Farmer

My dear Jim—

I promised in my last letter to tell you something about the personalities of the House, and of course I should begin with the Prime Minister, who under our British system is the keystone of the cabinet arch. Mr. Mackenzie King is a short thickset man in the later forties. The ravages of time have bereft him of most of his hair, but otherwise he is well preserved, and his caricaturists are fond of stressing certain boyish aspects of his appearance. In some ways his life has been a mixture of tragedy and unparalleled good fortune. On the one hand he had been afflicted with a terrible series of



E. M. Macdonald, of Picton, is always "ready" to plead tearfully about the woes of some oppressed special interest."

domestic calamities, and he was cut off from active parliamentary life in 1911, at the most critical time in his career. It is this last misfortune which perhaps has had the most unfortunate effect upon his political character. He came into politics a ready-made minister and was never called upon to serve a real apprenticeship in the ranks, such as all truly great statesmen have had to undergo. Some of them get it in a long period of office, but exclusion from office breeds firmness of temper, a quickness of apprehension of popular currents, and a sense of realities which can never be acquired by a politician elsewhere. Mr. King, on the other hand, has always been in office. He was a minister from 1909 to 1911, then, in 1919, he came straight back into another office, the leadership of the Opposition, and now he is prime minister.

A Favorite of Potentates

All through his life he has been the favorite white-haired boy of some powerful potentate. First it was Dr. Charles Eliot, of Harvard, then it was Sir William Mulock, then it was Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and later on it was the Rockefeller family. It has all been very nice, but likewise it has all been a very bad preparation for the premiership. He has made his way by being pleasant and agreeable to people, and not by blazing some brave trail of fresh thought or courageous action, which might offend the rich and the great of the earth. His book, *Industry and Humanity*, reveals the whole trend of his mind. He is a conciliator and a smoother-down, and the path of compromise has become second nature to him. What he will not face or recognize is that if a statesman desires to serve the interests of the plain folk of this country he must be prepared to take off his coat, do valiant battle against their oppressors and endure all sorts of abuse and obloquy by the privileged potentates of the land. Now none of us question Mr. King's public spirit and good intentions. He is as full of good intentions as a newly-calved cow is full of milk. What, however, the public is not sure about is his ability to measure up to the full requirements of his office. A little more independence of mind, a little less partisanship in appointments and other directions, a little less veneration for great captains of finance and industry, and a little more reliance upon his own common sense would enormously enhance his prestige.

A Glimpse of Some of the Personalities in the Three Groups in the Present House of Commons

Always Ready to Talk

His peculiar weakness as a directing force and his special deficiency in regard to political sagacity is very conspicuous in the curious view he has taken of the Progressive movement. To my mind he has always seemed to regard it as a temporary expression of rural peevishness which was born of discontent with Tory rule and would fade away as soon as an administration which bore the Liberal label took over the reins at Ottawa. It is from these premises that he has dealt with and is still dealing with it. He, moreover, staked his whole prestige upon a clear cut legislative program, and now he seems ready to accept the abandonment of large chunks of it as calamities but calamities for which he can in no way be held responsible. In his speeches he shows a certain theatricality which grows irksome; he is a fine reciter of democratic formulae, but he lacks the vital touch without which a powerful hold upon the public imagination is impossible. Moreover, he talks too much. As far as I can remember, Sir Wilfrid, and Sir Robert, rarely intervened in ordinary discussions or the dissection of estimates. They knew that the large part of the influence which a Prime Minister can wield comes through the pressure of public opinion and the fact that the electorate listens to him as to nobody else. Therefore, to retain this advantage and not cheapen it they husbanded their resources. Mr. King, on the other hand, is ready in or out of the House to speak every day in the week and to express his thoughts and feelings just as they come, with the result that his audience is rapidly growing less interested in what he says. It is this want of elementary perspective, added to an inability to discern what things had best be done and what would be better left alone, that are no small part of our premier's troubles.

Hon. W. S. Fielding

Next to Mr. King sits the veteran finance minister. Mr. Fielding has grown grey in public life, which he first entered in 1882, and his wisdom and experience have been enormous assets to the cabinet. He is still a very skillful parliamentarian and able speaker, but his frequent lapses into slumber—quite excusable amid many speeches—and his quavering voice herald his impending retirement. His colleagues are said to complain that he is crochety and full of whims, but the real explanation may be that he does not suffer fools gladly. However, as he himself has described this budget as his last, it is futile to waste further space upon him.

The Real Boss

On the other side of the premier sits a different kind of statesman, to wit, Sir Lomer Gouin. Short, grizzled and ruddy of complexion, Sir Lomer looks of the bulldog breed, and his demeanour and voice indicate a forceful and arresting personality. Through his lips can be

heard the voice of the great invisible government of financial and industrial interests which, from its headquarters in Montreal, has so long ruled our destinies, and his job is to see that their reign is not interrupted. No humbug, however, is Sir Lomer. From him come no honeyed words about the larger life and the fuller freedom, no ponderous talk about charts and happy means between free trade and protection. He believes in the capitalist system and full blown protectionism, and wants no state interference with the railways and other profitable corporation preserves, and what is more he does not care who knows it. He would disdain to be styled an orator, but there is a quality of directness and determination about his speeches which give them distinction and he is one of the real personages of the House. Not that he has much of the stuff that statesmen are made, and his economic views are almost childish. But the fact remains that his dominating character and the fat purses behind him make him the real boss of the government, and his will seems always to prevail. There was a time not so long ago when Ernest Lapointe and Jacques Bureau were considered mighty potentates in Quebec politics, but Sir Lomer can now say of them, "Moab is my washpot and over-Edom have I cast my shoe." They have receded into obscurity and their voices are seldom heard. Chilled, too, by office is the Hibernian fire of Charles Murphy, who is to my mind the most truly Liberal member of the cabinet, and D. D. Mackenzie only makes one biblical quotation for every dozen he ventured in happier days. Mr. Motherwell is a source of constant worry to his colleagues; they grow visibly anxious when he gets up and heave sighs of relief when he sits down. He supports every kind of reactionary policy, and then remembering his radical past goes about the lobbies apologising for his backsliding. He is both garrulous and indiscreet, and Mr. Crerar had actually to interrupt his budget speech to enquire whether he was speaking for or against the budget. Great things were expected of Mr. Murdock, but he began badly by giving free play to his talents for acrimonious controversy and has never recovered from his unhappy start. What he forgets is that parliament is a deliberative body and not a lodge meeting. Poor Mr. Charles Stewart is visibly unhappy, a prisoner in Sir Lomer's camp through his acceptance of a Quebec seat, but he tries to look cheerful and keep the goodwill of his western friends. The rest of the cabinet are colorless and comparatively harmless, and it would not be hard to replace them by drawing lots among the Liberal rank and file.

The Rank and File

Of the rank and file of the Liberal party the outstanding figure is Andrew McMaster, but today he sleeps very uneasily in his present bed. With the member for Brome principles are things

to be cherished and fought for, and not discarded whenever they become inconvenient. In his rigid fidelity to his ideals, Mr. McMaster is a throwback to the Scottish covenanters, whose blood he inherits, and this Dominion could do with a few more of his breed in public life. His friend, Sam Jacobs, is an able and witty Jewish lawyer, who views politics with the cynical detachment of his race, and is always ready to laugh at the follies of his own leaders. E. M. Macdonald, is another picturesque veteran who is always ready to plead tearfully about the woes of some oppressed special interest. Of the French-Canadian Liberals, perhaps the ablest



Hon. T. A. Crerar achieves "a real triumph"

is N. K. Laflamme, who has a real capacity for making short pungent speeches, but finds his huge criminal practice a barrier to close attendance at Ottawa. Most of the young Liberal lawyers, like Mr. Vien, from Quebec, have settled down as subservient followers of the government and active minions of the big interests when, as on the transportation costs committee, their services are required. Mr. Martell, a Nova Scotian, has shown signs of insurgency, but it has never been allowed to develop far. A. B. Hudson, who sits as an Independent, and does not attend the Liberal caucus, is probably biding his time, but he has played a very little part in the House and has only spoken twice. The cold truth is that the Liberal party is living on its past, and has abdicated its original function as a reforming force. Just prior to the last election it sold its soul once more for campaign funds, and is tied to the consequences. The big business interests of Montreal have it in their grip, and such leaders as would like to shake it off lack the courage to take the drastic action required.

The Conservatives

The Tory party nowadays consists of Arthur Meighen and forty-nine others and is exceedingly sorry for itself. It is true that Sir Henry Drayton pokes financial critiques at the government, and the genial Dr. Tolmie makes shrewd common-sense speeches at intervals, but the real strength of the party begins and ends with its leader's parliamentary gifts. On the floor of the House poor Mr. King with his sluggish intellect and timid platitudes does not begin to be a match for the agile-minded and swift-thrusting Tory leader. Almost unique are Mr. Meighen's gifts for getting at the core of a problem, grasping the salient points thereof and setting them forth in cold and clear array, and he can get up on the spur of the moment and riddle to atoms a bad governmental case. If only his other qualities were commensurate with his fine equipment for parliamentary warfare, nothing could prevent his early restoration to the premiership. But unfortunately for him grave faults counterbalance his talents. He cannot rid himself of a certain partisan bias which is no part of statesmanship, and he clings pathetically to ancient shibboleths of which the country is sick and



Meighen and King indulge in "ill-matched duels"

Continued on Page 11

News from the Organizations

S.G.G.A. is Busy

It speaks well for the future of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association that the many constituency meetings being held at various points during the present summer are being so well attended, and that anxiety is being shown by secretaries in other constituencies as to the dates when their particular meetings will take place.

When it is remembered that there are in the province some 64 provincial constituencies, it will be realized how impossible it is for meetings to be held at all these points during one short summer. In fact, it has been found impossible to arrange for more than about one-half of these meetings during the summer, and the rest will have to be held at a later date, some of them possibly in the fall or early winter.

It is, however, gratifying to know that the foundation is being laid for a thorough organization of the association. A county organizer is being appointed at each meeting, with a committee of constituency organizers to assist him, so that the responsibility for the membership of the association will rest more than ever before on the rank and file out in the country, who are most closely in touch with the farmers and most conversant with local conditions and local problems. When the meetings are concluded there will be a network of local organization centres and an army of hundreds of live men

Reading matter for this page is supplied by the three provincial associations, and all reports and communications in regard thereto should be sent to H. Wigginbotham, sec'y, United Farmers of Alberta, Calgary; J. B. Musselman, sec'y, Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, Regina; or W. R. Wood, sec'y, United Farmers of Manitoba, Winnipeg, and not direct to The Guide office.

and women covering every section of the province from north to south and east to west, and the result should be seen in a very greatly increased membership before the next annual convention is convened.

Moose Jaw Meeting

At the Moose Jaw constituency meeting of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association held at Mossbank on June 28, the following resolutions were passed:

"This convention greatly regrets that full national control of the wheat and wheat products has, under the Canada Wheat Board of 1919-1920, been declared ultra vires by parliament;

"And, whereas, both the Commons and the Senate have passed enabling legislation covering the creation of a Wheat Board;

"Therefore be it resolved that our provincial government be appealed to, to take immediate action toward giving full consideration to the matter of concentrating the sale of the wheat of Saskatchewan in the said board with safety to the interests of the farmers and of the province."

"Resolved, that this first annual con-

vention of the S.G.G.A. of the Moose Jaw county provincial constituency here assembled in Mossbank, desire to place on record our great appreciation of R. M. Johnson, member for our Moose Jaw federal constituency, for his untiring and successful efforts in his endeavor to secure the re-establishment of the Wheat Board by the federal House at Ottawa."

The first of these resolutions was forwarded to Premier Chas. A. Dunning, and the latter to R. M. Johnson, M.P.

Biggar

The meeting of the provincial constituency of Biggar took place at Biggar on Tuesday, July 4, with the district director, John Holmes, of Asquith, in the chair. There were about 50 delegates in attendance, representing eight local associations.

Mr. Holmes outlined the method of organization proposed to be adopted, after which nominations for the position of county organizer were called for. Mr. Holmes was the choice of the meeting for the position.

The following municipality organizers were appointed, and were authorized each to appoint one sub-organizer in his

own municipality, viz.: J. Grey, of Naseby, for R.M. of Rosemount; C. E. Hulett, of Neola, R.M. of Biggar; Henry Carr, Leney, for R.M. of Perdue, with J. Beckett as an alternative; and J. McGaffin, of Baljennie, for the Glenside municipality.

A resolution was passed requesting each local to contribute the sum of 25 cents per member towards the expenses of the convention, to be remitted to the Central office. It was also decided that November 11, Armistice Day, be set aside for a special S.G.G.A. canvass and celebration.

At Lumsden

The Lumsden provincial constituency meeting in connection with the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association took place at Lumsden on Thursday, July 6, when the organization plans of the association, as decided at the last annual convention, were put before the delegates. W. J. Orchard, of Tregarva, the district director, was in charge of the meeting, while addresses were given by J. B. Musselman, the Central secretary; Mrs. E. Osborne, of Dilke, director of the Women's Section, and by Mr. Orchard himself. The plan as outlined by Mr. Musselman was endorsed by the delegates, and J. T. Bateman, of Lumsden, was elected as county organizer. Municipality organizers were elected as follows: Dufferin R.M., R. S. Donaldson, Findlater; Lumsden R.M., Jas. Newcome; Sherwood R.M., T. Elliott, Regina. The R.M. of Edenwold not being fully represented, Mr. Orchard suggested that, if possible, he would try to organize several more locals in that municipality and have a municipality organizer elected later on.

The evening meeting was an informal one, Mr. Musselman giving a quiet talk to the delegates dealing with association matters. Geo. F. Edwards, vice-president of the association, entered the meeting before the close, and was given a warm welcome.

A Call to Action

Robert Whiteside, of Birsay, in the Elrose district of Saskatchewan, one of our most active and enthusiastic sub-organizers, writes in part as follows, following a series of meetings, including those on Grain Growers' Sunday which he attended and addressed with the Central Secretary:

"After thinking carefully over the many facts Mr. Musselman stated to us in his address while with us a week ago, I feel it is our opportunity to get active. The fact that with only 20 per cent. of the farmers members of our association so much has been accomplished makes it encouraging to think what a power we would be if we had 50 or 60 per cent. I wish to outline a few suggestions for the executive's consideration. At present crops are looking very promising. We have had good rains and farmers are much encouraged. Now I expect our next annual convention will be held in Saskatoon. Why not get active and boost our membership in the northern half of the province 300 per cent., get a full delegation out to our convention, and with things running as smooth as they appear to be now, we can accomplish a great deal to benefit our association and ourselves at our next convention.

"The efforts we put forth will be watched very closely by our federal and provincial governments. Our members at Ottawa can only succeed in doing for us to the extent that we back them up. It is not necessary to get into power to protect our own interests so long as we are organized strong enough to influence the party that is in power, and when we can do this we are more popular in the eyes of the people than if we had the responsibility of government resting on our shoulders; nor do we have to take the abuse in general which comes to a government. Now, if we get into action in the northern half of the province and make a success this year we can then work the southern half next year.

"I note the Grain Growers at Yorkton are re-organizing again and Mr. Maharg is to take part. If we should get active, as I have outlined it to you,

Continued on Page 13



Mount Hood, the highest mountain in the Canadian Rockies, towering 11,225 feet above sea level.

HEIGHTS OF ATTAINMENT

Firestone effort to give the car-owner greatest value has realized its highest point this year in the service Firestone Cords and Fabrics are giving

Tire buyers of the Dominion are finding that out of the confusion of varying discounts, prices and quality Firestone value is the one true guide to tire economy.

Organization, resources and over twenty years

of experience have enabled Firestone to raise the mileage standard to a higher level than ever before.

Letters from Canadian users show not one or two Firestones giving exceptional mileage, but full sets maintaining a high average. And the increasing demand for Firestone Cords is evidence that the public is determined to secure the economies insured by the low prices at which these reliable tires sell.

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"MOST MILES PER DOLLAR"

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Beef Marketing

The Editor—The part of the marketing problem to be discussed here is the regulation of the supply from the birth of the calf to the sale of the finished beast in the central markets.

At the last annual meeting of the U.G.G., Mr. Rice-Jones called attention to the fact that 75 per cent. of the beef cattle were marketed in four months of the year. To put this in another way, one quarter of the beef producers are able to spare time from other work to market their cattle during at least eight months in the year, whilst the other three-quarters hammer down the price by marketing their stock during the flood period of four months.

The line of least resistance in regulating the supply of beef to the markets would seem to be the development of existing conditions. We have one quarter of those interested in beef production who find it profitable to arrange their affairs so as to place beef on the market during the slack period of eight months. These people are probably students of the market's demands, many perhaps are experts in the art of finishing beef cattle. With proper organization this one quarter of the beef producers might be induced to handle the finishing and marketing of all the beef fit for killing, not only to their own greater profit but also to the profit of the remaining three-quarters.

Among the three-quarters of beef producers who flood the markets are many whose herds are too small to profitably maintain a bull. No herd which is not large enough to utilize the service of a bull to his full capacity can earn interest on him.

The amount of feed yearly consumed by the stock of the three-quarters of producers may be roughly allotted as follows: Bulls, cows, two-year-olds, yearlings, calves. If those whose herds are big enough to use a bull economically saw a more profitable market for their calves than they now have for their mature animals, it is reasonable to suppose that they would increase their breeding stock and sell their calves yearly. It is also reasonable to suppose that those who yearly sell only a few steers would see an advantage in handling calves, yearlings or two-year-olds, especially as they would realize cash each year from all their cattle instead of from only a few.

The steady flow of cattle from breeder to feeder, and from feeder to finisher, would not only make it possible to use our capital more economically, but would abolish the congestion in the markets by removing the surplus. The speculator now waxes fat by purchasing the surplus cattle which the producers throw on the market and he can only be removed by abolishing the surplus.—S. H. Read, High Prairie, Alta.

Vitamines in Pork

Since the discovery of vitamins, several years ago, it has been popularly supposed that vitamins were confined quite largely to dairy products, fruits and vegetables. But now the U.S. Department of Agriculture comes out with the following statement:

"Various cuts of meats were tried and in every instance pork was found to be relatively rich in vitamins. Pork tenderloin, fresh ham, smoked ham and pressed boiled ham were tested, and the results were much the same with all of them. Beef and veal were relatively lower, while the amounts contained in lamb varied a great deal."

Pork is a splendid food not only because of its palatability and its high content of protein and fat, but also because of its vitamins.

Pure-breds 40 Per Cent. Better

By tabulating the replies received from owners of 25,000 head of breeding stock, and 30,000 head of poultry, to a questionnaire sent out by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, it is estimated that the average pure-bred is about 40 per cent. more efficient as a commercial proposition than the average scrub. The campaign undertaken for the promotion of better sires naturally evoked the question from the man who has never owned registered stock, "What can I expect from pure-bred sires and dams that will warrant the expense of grading up?" Obviously the answer varies according



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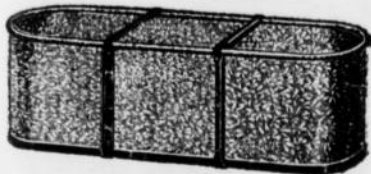
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Western Clock Co., Limited, makers of Westclox
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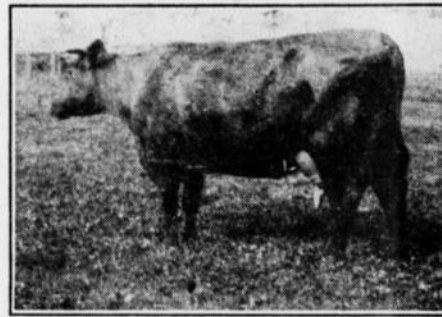
Big Ben	Baby Ben	America	Sleep-Meter	Jack o' Lantern	Pocket Ben	Glo-Ben
\$5.00	\$5.00	\$2.00	\$3.00	\$4.50	\$2.00	\$3.50

to the class of farm animal the enquirer has in mind. Milk records establish beyond a doubt a very considerable advantage for the pure-bred dairy cow over her non-descript companion—greater even than the advantage enjoyed by the sons of the blueblooded sire over the no-account calves which go to the shambles. Here is the comparison given out:

Class	Superior earning power Per cent.
Dairy cattle	47.8
Poultry	40.7
Swine	38.3
Sheep	37.8
Horses	37.2
Beef cattle	36.8

A Shorthorn Record

The shorthorn cow, Melody 7th, 128765, bred and owned by J. J. Bingeman, Waterloo, Ont., has just completed a record which is an extraordinary one for the breed. In 365 days from calving she produced 21,722



Melody 7th

pounds of milk, with an average fat test of 3.97, giving her a credit of 863 pounds fat.

So far as can be ascertained, there are only three other Shorthorn cows which have exceeded 20,000 pounds milk a year. The first of these is Lady, bred and owned by William Ewing, Surrey, England, who gave 20,163 pounds of milk. A little later we have the Australian cow, Melba 15th of Darbalara, with a record of 21,635½ pounds milk and 954½ pounds of fat. Her average test was 4.41 per cent. Following this came another Australian cow, Fairy of Fairfield, who produced 21,972 pounds of milk and 786 pounds fat in 365 days. Her average test was 3.6 per cent. Regarding this cow it will be noted that her milk record is higher than that of Melody 7th, but she dropped her calf on June 16, 1920, and did not enter upon the test until July 15, the test running 365 days from the latter date. Such a test would not be admitted under our rules, because our test must be completed within 365 days after calving. If this cow had been started from the date of calving, it is hard to say whether her test would have been higher or lower, though the probability is she would not have made quite so good a showing. If we omit this irregular test, from our standpoint, the Canadian cow, Melody 7th, may be said to hold the Shorthorn world's record in milk production, as far as we have been able to ascertain. There may be Shorthorn cows which have produced more milk in a year, but they have not made their records under official inspection.

Evolution of Freight Rates

Since 1914 there have been both increases and decreases in freight rates and it is difficult to remember the history of the process of rate fixing in detail. The Winnipeg Board of Trade gives the following interesting summary of the changes East and West:

Western Canada

To illustrate, using \$1.00 as a standard for 1914, the first change in western rates was in the form of an increase of 15 per cent., the result of the so-called 15 per cent. rate case. This increase became effective March 15, 1918, making the rate \$1.15.

On August 12, 1918, a further increase, the result of the judgment of the railway commissioners in the 25 per cent. rate case, increased the 1914 base rate 25 per cent., making the rate \$1.25.

Another increase, the result of the railway commissioners' order No. 308,

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A Perfect Antiseptic—Soothing and Healing if applied immediately to Burns, Bruises or Cuts.

Every bottle will give satisfaction. Sold by Druggists or sent by parcel post on receipt of price \$1.75 per bottle. Send for descriptive circulars and testimonials.

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Guide Classified Users are Boosters---Why?

A Letter to a Pioneer Farmer

Continued from Page 7

tired. Also he is too mercilessly cruel to the poor premier. My surmise is that whenever Mr. King has indulged in some feeble effort—a not infrequent event—Mr. Meighen becomes inwardly enraged at the idea of being rejected by the electorate in favor of so obviously incompetent a person, and proceeds to vent his wrath upon his hapless opponent.

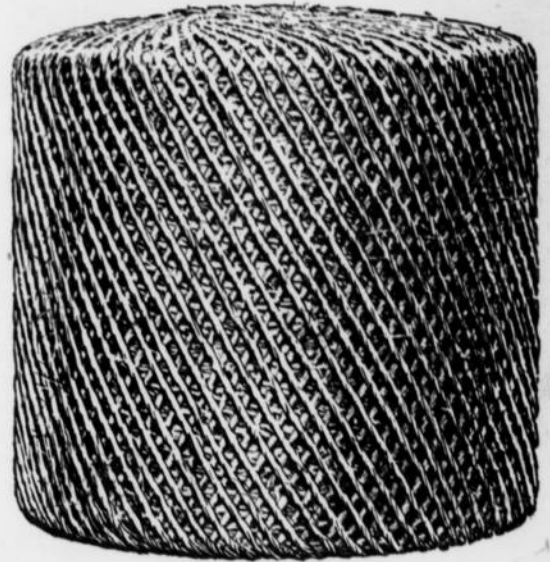
Ill-matched Duels

It is all very interesting but it is the poorest of tactics. If Mr. Meighen aspires to regain power he should give up these ill-matched duels with Mr. King and turn his energies to prove that he has a serene and judicial temper, and that his superior fund of constructive statesmanship entitles him to a different verdict from the Canadian people, than was delivered last December. Let him, I say, read the life of Sir Robert Peel, and learn how an enlightened Tory statesman, by the moderation of his temper and the excellence of his judgment, led his party from the depths of depression to victory, and gave Britain an era of good progressive government. If Mr. Meighen had not the unbending Ulster mind he might take such a course and repair his fortunes, but as it is grave judges, who study the Montreal Gazette and Star, deem his days as a leader to be numbered, and prophesy that some bright day he will be butchered to make a Gouin holiday and permit the peaceful consolidation of the Tories and protectionist Liberals. Harry Stevens is a tricky fencer in debate, but his style smacks too much of the soapbox orator. Mr. Guthrie looks supremely wise and can deliver a stately speech which says nothing, and the veteran Billy Maclean is always ready to dilate upon the virtues of public ownership. Some other old stagers like Donald Sutherland survived the stricken field of December 6, but the great weakness is the lack of able recruits. Mr. Baxter, of New Brunswick, has a solemn clerical manner, which wears the House, and Mr. Lesueur, of Sarnia, proclaimed as a great acquisition, prefers to voyage for clients to distant Peru rather than share the misfortunes of his party. Of course there is the far famed Tommy Church, who will speak at a moment's notice on any subject under the sun, and unless checked by an adjournment go on like Tennyson's brook for ever. Despite the abundance of Tommy's outflow of words the Tory party, I assure you, is in a parlous condition, and its friends talk very gloomily about its future.

Hon. T. A. Crerar

I have left to the last, quite properly, an account of our own party. Of course you are personally familiar with many of the Progressive members, and there is no need to give you any long description of old acquaintances. Our friend Crerar, when he undertook the leadership in parliament of what some one described as 65 independents, involved himself in a very delicate and difficult task. All save about half a dozen were complete novices to parliamentary life, and all the enthusiasm in the world cannot compensate for lack of experience of political warfare, and the strange and complicated word of Ottawa. However, his good temper and long experience as a conciliator have stood him in good stead. A tremendous extra burden was thrown upon his shoulders during the past session through the inexperience of most of his followers in the ways and whiles of Ottawa. Dr. Michael Clark, with his fine oratorical powers and economic knowledge was no longer by his side, and in every big debate he had to fill the star part himself. Besides he had to devote a great deal of time to coaching his followers in the arts of parliamentary warfare. He spoke his mind to the government very bluntly on more than one occasion when they badly needed it, but he did not pick petty quarrels with them. Yet when it came to what he regarded as the paramount issue of the session, the fate of the Crow's Nest Pass agreement, he put on his war paint, and as soon as the government—and for that matter the C.P.R.—saw he meant business they

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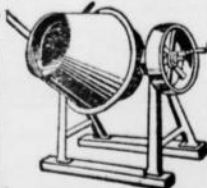
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Session Begins October 2, 1922

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climbed down and gave him a real triumph.

Vigilant Supporters

He chose as his first lieutenant, R. A. Hoey, of Springfield, an Irishman, with a sound grasp of economic truths and a real gift of forceful and epigrammatic speech. He has not talked too much, and has shewn himself one of the few people not afraid to face up to Arthur Meighen. Capt. Shaw, the soldier-lawyer from Calgary, is one of the ablest men in the group. He is already a very efficient parliamentarian, and has most of the qualities necessary for political success, including a trained mind, real democratic sympathies, energetic courage, and a good sense of humor. He is a speaker of no mean quality, and all the old hands here predict that if he can keep his seat he will go far and fare well. Robert Forke, of Brandon, has a fund of shrewd Scotch common sense which is a great asset to his party, and Bird, of Nelson, made, on more than one occasion, a very valuable contribution to the economic education of the House. John Evans, of Saskatoon, is an honest old veteran who never fears to speak his mind, and his faithful ally, Tom Sales, of Tantallon, besides being a vigilant watchdog of the farmers' interests, is regarded as one of the great social assets of the House. McConica, of Battleford, friend of President Harding and other mighty potentates at Washington, is by way of being a spell-binder of the ancient type, but some of his picturesque and whimsical speeches have been well received. Andrew Knox, if as silent as of yore, is always diligent in business and faithful to his trust.

The Radical Spirits

Their colleagues are sometimes prone to accuse the younger members of the Alberta contingent of tendencies towards Bolshevism, but as our leader has himself pointed out it would be an ill day when the Progressive movement lost its radical spirits. Messrs Gardiner, Garland, Spencer and Kennedy, are an able quartette of courageous democrats and valiant fighters for good causes, and if Mr. Coote began somewhat late, he shewed real promise in his skilful baiting of Mr. Motherwell. The two B.C. Progressives alas! are somewhat feeble brethren who are not in complete communion with the rest of the party, and grow faint at the idea of endorsing the New National Policy. Of the Ontario group, W. C. Good has a wide range of political and economic knowledge, which, when he learns the art of condensing speeches, will make him one of the best equipped members of our Commons. Through Miss McPhail there has been heard for the first time at Ottawa the voice of thousands of the hard-working women of our farms, and she has not done them discredit, for her speeches are always full of good sense and progressive ideas. Of the rest Mr. Fansher and Mr. Brethen, show the greatest promise. The maritime provinces have not been able to send us more than a single representative, but Mr. Caldwell is always active in debate and attentive at his post. There remain Mr. Neill, the Independent from Alberni, who aspires to be a humorist, and is in danger of becoming a nuisance, and the two Laborites, Messrs. Woodsworth and Irvine, who have given a more effective exposition of the Labor viewpoint than it ever enjoyed at Ottawa before.

Now you know as much about many of these people as I do, and I do not guarantee my judgment. I have tried to give you a rough impression of the chief personalities of our present House of Commons, and if you are not pleased with it my advice is to come to Ottawa and see them for yourself. But I have done my best to satisfy your curiosity, and

I am, yours ever,
J. A. Stevenson.

Purchase-Dividend Week in Aberdeen, Scotland, recently involved the distribution by the local co-operative society of \$503,500 among the consumers of the district. This represented profits made on their purchases returned to them for their own enjoyment. As the "Scottish Co-operator" puts it, "the distribution of that substantial sum is a welcome boon to housewives in these difficult times."

News from the Organizations

Continued from Page 8

we would certainly get good results to have Mr. Maharg at some of our meetings and also Mr. Langley; I think he would enjoy getting called on to take part and he has many friends with the farmers."

Sales Tax

The increase of 1½ per cent. in the cost of binder twine, which has been announced by the United Farmers' Co-operative Company Limited, of Toronto, is a direct outcome of the increase in the sales tax.

Coming Events in Alberta

The annual convention of the Innisfail U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Provincial Constituency Association, will be held in Innisfail on Saturday, July 29, at 1 p.m.

All locals are requested to be represented at the Lac Ste. Anne U.F.A. provincial constituency convention, which is being held at Onoway, August 1, at 2 p.m.

The Nanton U.F.A. Provincial Constituency Association meets at Stavely, July 18, at 2 p.m., for its annual meeting and election of officers.

Stonelaw Annual U.F.A. picnic will be held at Minor school on Friday, July 21. Dance in Earl's barn. Watch for bills and further particulars.

Strong Creek Picnic

The annual picnic and dance given by the Strong Creek U.F.A. was well attended, several auto loads from town taking in both the picnic and dance, and all report a very enjoyable time. The Peace River school ball team opposed the Strong Creek swatters on the baseball diamond, but were unable to defeat the adult players, the result being a score of 18-4 in favor of the rural team.

Keephills

At the monthly meeting of the Keephills local U.F.A. it was decided to leave arrangements for the picnic in the hands of the board of directors. There was also a movement made to form a local branch of the U.F.W.A., but this was held over for another meeting.

U.F.A. Picnic Great Success

The U.F.A. picnic at a pretty little lake midway between Lake Saskatoon and lower Beaver Lodge was a great success, where many old friends met.

Noibe News

The members and friends of the flourishing U.F.A. local at Scenic Heights held a picnic recently, of which the secretary writes:

"The program of sports, consisting of races for the children and two ball games, took place in Ernest Harvey's field. The ladies of the district ably catered to the wants of the inner man in Big Horn school when supper time arrived. After sundown everybody returned to the schoolhouse where our local musician, M. Henn, provided music for dancing in his usual pleasing manner."

Hairy Hill Had Big Picnic

The U.F.A. picnic held at Hairy Hill recently, under the auspices of the Hairy Hill and Soda Lake locals, turned out to be an immense success. The heavy rains of the preceding days had put the roads in bad shape, but a big crowd gathered just the same and had a most enjoyable time. The speaker of the day was Hon. R. G. Reid, minister of municipal affairs in the provincial government. Mr. Reid gave an excellent address, which was received with marked attention by his audience.

New Local at Hespero

An organization meeting to form a local of the U.F.A. was held in the cream station at Hespero recently. R. A. Van Slyke, president of the Red Deer local, was organizer, and the following speakers: Mr. Wallace, Mr. Patterson, Red Deer; Mr. Oldford, Penhold; and Mr. Meeres, Condor, gave addresses, which were greatly appreciated, on the origin and work carried on by the U.F.A.

The secretary, Mr. Meredith, writes: "Under the reins of our able president, R. H. Edgar, I am sure that the local will prosper and accomplish a lot toward

the welfare of the farmers in the vicinity of Hespero."

President Addresses Meetings

S. H. Anning, sec.-treas. of the Rose-nath U.F.A., writes: "We had the pleasure of hearing President Wood speak at Ashmont recently. His address was both instructive and interesting, and was very much appreciated."

The public meeting addressed by H. W. Wood, president of the United Farmers of Alberta, in the Columbia Theatre, Vermilion, recently, was well attended and every appreciation shown the speaker.

Success

Thirty-four members were present at a recent meeting of the Success U.F.A., when the following subjects were discussed: Picnic, road work in the district and weed inspection.

The secretary writes: "This was one of our most successful meetings in matter of attendance and interest shown. Our local now has 60 paid-up members out of 75 who signed the roll. We expect to get five or six more paid up before the end of the year."

Manitoba's Next Step

The election effort of the United Farmers of Manitoba will have been completed by the time this article is read. Now the association will turn again to the lines of activity which it has developed during past years with a

view to prosecuting them in the interests of the higher well-being of the province of Manitoba.

Its future relationship to the men elected will be that which is expressed in the following "plank" in the platform:

Position of the U.F.M.

"The United Farmers of Manitoba as an organization has important functions apart from political action, and service

vital to the whole rural community which must be continued; consequently it is essential that the association retain its independence and be free to offer suggestions, petitions or criticisms to any government, opposition party or other group in the legislature, whether composed of supporters of our platform or otherwise."

Resumption of Activities

The association will continue to study

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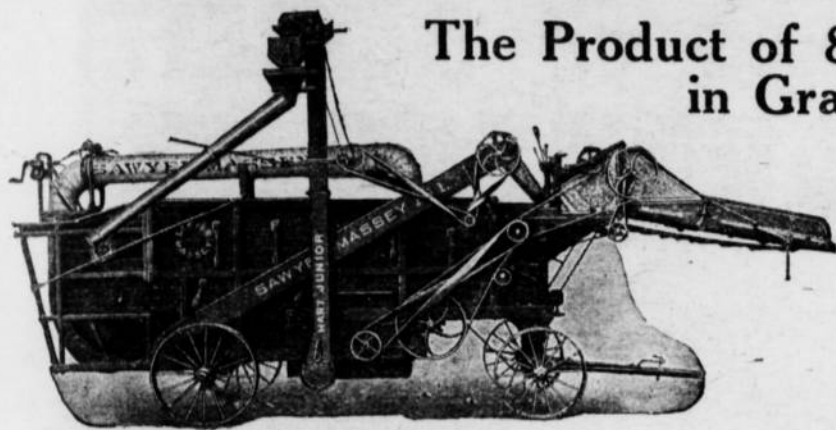
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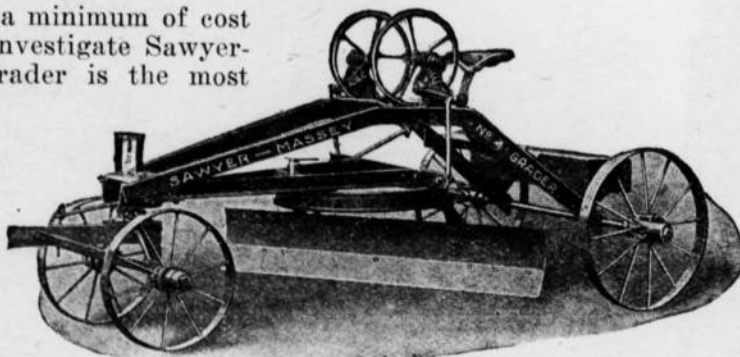
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and to investigate economic conditions, marketing and transportation, social and educational questions, with a view to creating public opinion and establishing wholesome and progressive views. It will still exert itself toward correcting of unsatisfactory conditions and will exercise to the full all its usual freedom in pressing upon the attention of public men and the constituted authorities such reforms as may be found to be necessary from time to time. In a word the association will be doing independent thinking and endeavoring to secure, as in the past, acceptance of its conclusions and practical effect to its purposes.

The Districts and Locals

Care of the association as such may have been somewhat neglected during the past few weeks. It never needed care more than now. With a hundred new locals only very partially in touch as yet with our ideals and objectives and scarcely at all introduced to the practical activities usually carried on by the local, there is going to be greater need than ever for activity on the part of the district board during the next six months in getting into touch and seeing that these associations are given a chance to live and function. Apart from this it will be a practical certainty that 50 per cent. of them will drop out. It is up to us and especially to the district boards to see that this does not happen.

Australian Wheat Pools

Hon. A. K. Trethowan, a member of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, Australia, is at present on a visit to Western Canada, for the purpose of studying wheat marketing conditions in this country, and enquiring as to the possibility of co-operation between Canada and Australia in the sale of the exportable surplus of both countries in Great Britain.

Mr. Trethowan, is president of the Farmers' Federated Organizations throughout Australia, and chairman and managing director of the Farmers' and Graziers' Co-operative Ltd., Insurance and Agency Company Ltd., of Sydney, New South Wales. While in Winnipeg, recently, Mr. Trethowan conferred with C. Rice-Jones, general manager of the United Grain Growers Ltd., Norman Lambert, secretary of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, and others, and afterwards visited Regina and Calgary, where he discussed the grain marketing problem with officials of the provincial governments and of the farmers' organizations.

Handled 70 Per Cent.

Speaking to a representative of The Guide, Mr. Trethowan said that during the war the Australian wheat crop was marketed through a government pool very similar in its method of operation to the Canadian Wheat Board. The pool was very satisfactory, both to the farmers and to the people of Australia generally, and when government control ceased the farmers formed voluntary pools in four of the states. Each state has a separate pool, with a committee of three chosen by the farmers, who engage an expert in the grain trade as manager. Last season the pools handled 70 per cent. of the Australian wheat crop, and it is expected that this will be increased to 80 per cent. next season.

There is no grain exchange in Australia, and in pre-war days half a dozen large houses, representing European firms, purchased practically the whole of the export wheat. "If we had had no pool," Mr. Trethowan stated, "our Australian wheat would have been bought by the exporters at a very low figure, and you would probably not have secured more than 75 cents a bushel for your Canadian wheat." The Australian pools have a buyer at every shipping point and give the farmer an advance on delivery of his wheat, together with a participation certificate as under the Canadian Wheat Board. There is no government grading system, but purchases are made on the basis of "f.a.q." (fair average quality), and any wheat that does not come up to this standard is taken at a discount according to quality, determined by agreement between the farmer and the agent of the pool committee.

Government Guarantee

The federal government of Australia up to the present has assisted the pools by guaranteeing the bank overdrafts necessary to make the initial payments. All the banks, including the Commonwealth Bank, have willingly co-operated with the pools, and it is anticipated that even without the guarantee of the government the banks will continue to provide the necessary credit.

There are at present comparatively few elevators in Australia, but a considerable number are now under construction by farmers' companies. The federal government is building a large terminal, which will probably be leased to a farmers' company, and the government railways have immense sheds in which wheat is stored in bags.

Mr. Trethowan has recently been in Great Britain studying marketing conditions there, and he is convinced that in order to secure the best price for wheat it is necessary to feed the English market evenly throughout the year. The Australian and Canadian wheats are close competitors on the British market, and he is anxious to make some arrangement to maintain a steady supply and avoid a swamping of the market.

British Millers Favorable

"As far as I could see," he stated, "the price of wheat on the Baltic exchange in London, depends on the

Continued on Page 19

The Open Forum

"Let truth and falsehood grapple. Who ever knew truth put to the worst in a free and open encounter?"—Milton

The Guide assumes no responsibility for the opinions expressed by correspondents in this department. It is requested that letters be confined to 500 words in length, that one subject only be discussed in a letter, and that letters be written on one side of the paper only, and written very plainly (preferably in ink).

The Canadian Navy

The Editor—In view of the Dominion government's decision to reduce the Canadian navy, and more especially in having closed the Canadian Naval College, it seems surprising that more publicity has not been given to the seriousness of this policy.

The first necessity of any advanced country is one of self-defence, and of being able to protect its sea-borne commerce in peace times, as well as at other periods.

Our grain, lumber and various products are now carried to all parts of the world and are protected at present by the British navy. Make no mistake in thinking that this protection is not required, for otherwise there would be as many pirates raiding commerce as in any former days, especially in the Southern Seas. It thus seems a very mean and ignoble policy for Canada to get the benefit of this protection without contributing its due share.

Our city police forces are maintained more for the prevention of crime than for the apprehension of it, although this is not always realized, and the same applies nationally to self defence and to a navy patrolling the seas.

It should be the policy of Canada to either contribute her proper share to the imperial navy, or else to maintain a small one of her own, while as it takes many years to train a naval officer, it is most important to keep open a naval college so that a skeleton organization is available in the case of an emergency.

Having your paper may be able to do some publicity work in a right cause and thanking you for the space.—L. F. Solly, Westholme, B.C.

Rural School Questions

The Editor—A school is considered an asset to any community as the boys' and girls' interests are centred around it, but the complaints they are now making show why a reasonable number have joined the cityward movement. A logical reasoning of the question will clearly show that they have just reasons for complaining. The writer has experienced some of the discouraging points spoken of in this article, and feels fully justified in speaking for those whom he knows are now going through the same treatment. The people pay their good money in taxes to run the schools as they should be, but alas, it goes—where?

Well, I believe myself that a great portion of it goes to teachers who cannot rightfully fill their position. The teachers' salary has lowered very little, but if we could get a teacher with the qualifications, as a whole, I believe the people would gladly pay the present salaries without any kick, and such a teacher would be worth it, yes, without the least doubt.

The constant changing of teachers is one of our greatest drawbacks, causing a review at every change and some last as long as two months, while the majority last for a month. It is the actual loss of time that causes the complaint, and time to scholars living on the farm is none too plentiful.

The proper use of monthly report cards and examinations would eliminate the disagreeableness to a great extent. Again many teachers group classes in order to make the work easier for them and also hold some of the pupils back, and do so for as long a time as a year. This works a damaging result with any scholars. Experience is a good teacher, though I have seen far too many cases of it.

Again the routine of studies should be more standardized, and the text books also. A pupil moving from province to province loses a grade through the move.

Our teaching could be supplemented with more data necessarily demanded in our agricultural education. Continuation work could also be effectively carried on, as advocated by the government through the use of proficient teachers. The relig-

ious question needs some investigation too; it is getting pretty slack. These are some of the general complaints. There are several minor ones but space will not permit us going deeper into the subject at present.—R.J.S., Sask.

Crop Rotation

The Editor—I will take this occasion to make a few remarks on some of the problems confronting the farmers of the Canadian northwest. I am a recent importation from the U.S.A. This is my fourth season in Canada, and I have been busy all the time I have been here trying to make a farm, and to raise wheat to make a living. But I have come to the conclusion that if you want to make a failure of your farm operations, you want to continue to raise wheat and use what is called a black summerfallow. As everybody knows that has tried it, there is nothing that will induce weeds to grow like wheat farming, the late fall plowing and the early spring seeding making ideal conditions for weeds to multiply.

As you are well aware there is no system that will ruin the soil as fast as black summerfallow and wheat; in fact ruining the soil instead of farming it. To make a success of farming, a system of rotation will have to be adopted. In my opinion one of the best is a combination of winter wheat or rye, clover and corn, or sunflowers. At the head of the list should be placed sweet clover, and winter rye, raising the winter rye as a nurse crop. For this purpose rye is unexcelled, ripening early so that the clover will have ample time to make a good growth before winter sets in.

I spent most of my life in eastern Minnesota, and I may say that the land there from the practice of rotation of crops, instead of being depleted, is today far better than when it was broken up, about 70 years ago. This was accomplished by a combination of corn, clover, rye, potatoes and cattle. The rye was used mostly as a weed killer, and as a nurse crop for the clover, the common red clover being mostly raised, allowed to mature and was plowed under in the fall after it was dry. The reason for this was that if turned under in its green stage, it would sometimes sour the land so that it would ruin it for several seasons. From my own experience, I am convinced that the common red clover can be grown successfully here by inoculating the seeds. The sweet clover will grow most anywhere, and will prepare the soil for any other crop you may wish to follow up with. Regarding the different varieties of fall rye, I will especially mention the so called Rosen rye. A recent introduction by the U.S. department of agriculture. The points in favor of this rye are its productiveness and vigor of growth, and also its habit of standing up in the richest of soils, being a stiff straw of moderate height. The yield is about double the ordinary rye, this being made possible by the very large kernels and long full heads.

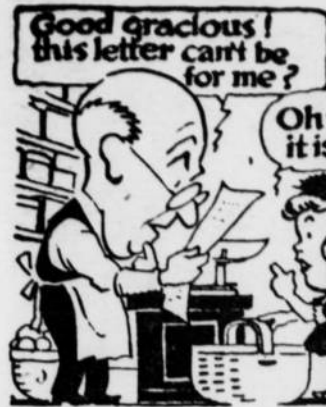
Some points to bear in mind in raising winter rye:

Do not seed too late, not later than Sept. 15. The month of August is best, giving ample time for stooling before hard frosts set in. Do not seed where water will stand for any length of time in the spring. Do not seed near any other rye, as rye will crossbreed at a distance of 80 rods, thereby ruining your pure-bred seed for seed purposes. Do not disc it in stubble, on most soils it will pack the ground too hard and your crop will not be satisfactory. Seed on clean summerfallow, and you will have a satisfactory crop, also a good seed bed for your clover the following spring. Seed your clover as early as you can get on the land drilling it in, using some filler so that you will not need too heavy. Give your rye the same chance as you would your wheat, and you will find it will pay you fully as well and clean your farm from weeds at the same time. Our worn out land sure needs the clover.—Fred Forsberg.

What the Farmers Want

The Editor—About the middlemen in grain trade. Will say that the middlemen cannot help the farmer any to get a better price for his wheat, it depends on the market of the world. Now will not the outside buyer buy just as soon from a government as from some other firm or middleman? The farmers do not ask the Wheat Board to raise the price. We farmers know that neither the price Board nor the speculator can do that, that all depends on the demand over the whole world, but we farmers do want all that we can get out of our wheat without some middlemen getting the profit from our hard work, which profit belongs to the producer and no one else. This is what all the farmers want and no more.

The government has done one good turn in putting the freight back again where it was a few years ago. I paid over \$800 more freight last fall than I should have paid. I could use the \$800 now very handy because the banks do not let out any money at all and this is the way most farmers are situated at present.—Fred Schultz, Kenaston, Sask.



WHAT DID BETTY BUY?

COPY OF BETTY'S LETTER

Dear Mr. Simpson
You know Clara Green, don't you? WELL SHE WANTED TO BE A NURSE. What do you think of that? OF COURSE SHE WAS SIMPLY TRYING TO APE A SISTER OF MINE. However she left for Toronto taking her maid Topsy to carry her luggage. When they got to the station the train was pulling out. THEY RAN SO FAST TOPY RUPTURED A BLOOD VESSEL IN HER LEG. However Clara got on the train alright. Then what do you think happened? SHE TUMBLED AND FELL PEL-MEL ON HER BAGGAGE. Isn't that funny? I BET SHE WANTED TO BAN A NASTY ENGINEER FOR JERKING THE TRAIN SO. She soon got herself in order and reached her seat safely. SHE TOOK OUT A BOOK BY CHARLES LAMB READ A PAGE AND FELL ASLEEP. On arriving in Toronto she woke with a start, and hurried off. Her baggage was heavy and

looked a burden. A NICE CHAP FLEW. ED TO HELP HER SHE refused to let him as he was a stranger. But after walking two blocks she was tired out THEN SHE THOUGHT HERSELF A SIMPLE MONSTER FOR REFUSING HIS HELP. She finally reached the Training School and registered. But she did n't like it a bit. She felt very blue. IN FACT AT HER DINNER SHE ATE A VERY LITTLE. She fought with her room mate. IN A FIT OF JEALOUSY OR ANGER SHE LEFT. However before going home she bought a new dress at Smith's store. When she tried it on it didn't fit. SO SHE TOOK IT TO SMITH'S ALTERATION ROOM FOR CHANGES. Even then it didn't fit, and she wouldn't keep it. SO APPLYING FOR REFUND SHE GOT HER MONEY BACK. Then she took the next train for home. Isn't that an interesting story? Betty Beatty.

PUZZLE

FIND ABOVE THE NAMES OF 12 ARTICLES SOLD IN A GROCERY STORE

John Simpson was amazed when he read the above letter, which Betty Beatty had handed him. "Our order is in hat letter," said Betty. "I've hidden the name of each article I've come to buy in each of the underlined sentences. Puzzle it out and I'll tell you the quantities." "Well," said Mr. Simpson "I can't find the name of a single article in my store, that is mentioned in your note." "Of course you can't," said Betty. But here's the clue. In each underlined sentence I've hidden one name. It is only the name of a grocery, fruit or vegetable, and there is just one thing in each sentence. The letters aren't jumbled and all you have to do is to find the right letter to start on. For instance, if you start on the letter "B" in the fifth word of the first under-

lined sentence you will quickly see B-E-E-A-N. That's the name of one of the things I want. There are twelve items altogether, and the name of each one is hidden in one of the underlined sentences. So now what do I want? Find the names and you get the order."

John Simpson puzzled the letter out and got the order. Can you do as well? If you can mail your answers at once Over \$2500.00 in prizes and rewards is being given. Remember there are no trade marks, names or products of any particular manufacturer. In many cases, as in the first underlined sentence, the single name as "Bean" and not the plural "Beans" is used. Be very careful, therefore, if you find the names to spell them exactly as they appear in the sentences.

WIN! \$2500.00 in Prizes

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| 7th. Prize—\$15.00 | 20th. Prize—\$2.00 |
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In sending your solution use one side of the paper only, and put your name and address (stating whether Miss, Mrs., Mr. or Master) in the upper left hand corner. If you wish to write anything but your answers use a separate sheet of paper.

The answers gaining 240 points will win first prize. You get 110 points if you find all the words correctly (10 points for each correct answer, excepting 1 which is given and 20 points will be given for general neatness, punctuation and spelling, 10 points for handwriting and 100 points for fulfilling a simple condition of the Contest. This condition is only that you assist in this big advertising campaign by showing a copy of Everywoman's World, Canada's greatest Magazine (which we will send you post paid) to just four friends or neighbors, who will appreciate this really worth while Canadian publication and want it to come to them every month. You will easily fulfill this simple condition in a few minutes of your spare time. The Contest will close at 6 p.m. August 31st, 1922, immediately after which the judges will start to judge the answers and award the prizes.

DON'T DELAY—Send your answer today. This announcement may not appear in this paper again. Address The Contest Manager, Department G Continental Publishing Co. Limited. Toronto—Ont.

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The Countrywoman

Eating and Drinking

ONE of the commonest habits is that of eating and drinking at the same time. Many people do not realize how much harm is done by washing down food shortly after it has been put into the mouth. Food softened unnaturally by draughts of water or tea slips down to the stomach without sufficient chewing. Nature intended that teeth should thoroughly grind food so that the rest of the digestive system would not be over-burdened. When properly masticated, the saliva mixes with each mouthful and does away with the necessity of using a beverage "to get the food down." It does more than that. The digestion of certain foods commences when they come in contact with saliva, so it is important that it should be given a fair chance to do its work. This is not possible when liquid washes the food down quickly.

It is a serious matter for the stomach when it is forced to do the work of both teeth and saliva. It has no means of grinding its contents so has to use extra gastric juice as a substitute. Its sensitive lining is bruised by unchewed pieces of food, and is damaged by an excess of acid. The stomach retains a meal until it is reduced to the consistency of thick soup, holding back the larger pieces for the gastric juice to act upon still further. The longer they remain, the more acid it becomes and eventually hyperacidity develops. This condition is sometimes the forerunner of several serious complaints of the digestive system. The stomach will stand abuse for a remarkable length of time, but when once disordered it takes still longer to bring it back to normal. Therefore it is up to the individual to treat the digestive system fairly by chewing his meals well and by drinking only when the mouth is empty.

Couch a Necessity in the House

When furnishing a house, on the farm, I have noticed that many women say they will buy a couch later on, when they are better off! They class it as a luxury, whereas I call it a necessity on the farm.

It should be bought at the beginning, otherwise, as one woman said to me, "every time one had saved enough for a couch the money would go for something else."

There are couches and couches! Put in the best room upstairs, they do for ornaments, but this is not the kind I consider a necessity. A couch should be kept downstairs, so that the farmer's wife can lie down on it after her morning's work is half over. If she did this, she would be more fit for that work which, of necessity, must come immediately before dinner.

After dinner again, the couch can be used, and there are other moments in the day when five or ten minutes on the couch will do all the good in the world. Few women care to climb the stairs in the middle of the cooking. They feel they must at least be on the same floor as the stove! Otherwise, the cake will burn or the vegetables boil over. Oh yes, something always happens when we go upstairs to lie down.

Sitting for a few minutes on a hard kitchen chair scarcely rests us at all; this is why the couch should be kept downstairs. It is more restful for her to lie down with her feet on the couch than to sprawl on an armchair.

A woman owes it to herself and her children as well as to her husband to take care of her health. She can do this best by resting when she feels like it. I do not say "when her work is done," for it would be a puzzle to tell when the farmer's wife considers that her work is really done.

One thing is certain and that is that a couch in a downstairs room which is handy and near the kitchen will do a great deal towards making a woman's life easier on a farm.

The Gift

Mary Adams Parke

The bare, grey farmhouse kitchen was full of women; busy, bustling women.

One was polishing the cracked range until it shone; one was putting fresh paper on the pantry shelves; another scrubbed the bare, rough board floor. By the open window two old ladies sat peeling potatoes, while near them, gazing across the fields, stood the only idle woman in the room. The rest of the busy company bore in their faces and figures the stamp of many years of toil, but the girl by the window was young and straight and slender, with a flower-like face on which there rested an expression of puzzlement and vague terror as she listened to the whisperings of the two who peeled potatoes:

"Just fifteen years ago since she came here a bride. Don't seem that long, does it?"

"It does not. She was a bonny girl then, was Jessie, though she lost her looks awful quick."

"Well, of course, they had to work desperate hard the first few years and she never did seem to get down to taking it any easier. If it hadn't been for her, Ben Martin wouldn't have been so well off today with his tractors and swell barns and all."

"Jessie hadn't much comfort in the house, had she?" The speaker cast a sharp glance around the gaunt, cheerless room.

"She had not; but she was never one to make a fuss, and of course the men all think they must have the machinery outside first. If she'd only lived a while longer she'd likely have had plenty."

"I wonder if he'll marry again."

"You never can tell. He seems to feel awful bad just now anyway. I wonder where he went this morning."

"I don't know. James said he just got the car out and said he had to go to the city. He ain't back yet, seems queer for him to go away like that and his wife lying dead, don't it?"

"Well, maybe he had something to attend to. He sure got poor Jessie a swell coffin, didn't he? The nicest I ever saw! It seems only the other day we were dancing at her wedding dance, and now poor soul lies there in her coffin."

With a shudder the girl at the window turned away, and, swiftly crossing the kitchen, walked into the empty hall beyond. A few weeks ago they had danced at her wedding; how long would it be before they were clacking kindly of her grand coffin? Would her man—her happy, laughing farmer-boy—prove to be of the same calibre as Ben, his older brother? Would he let his wife stagnate to death between four bare walls, while he worked his broad acres with panting tractors, and housed his cattle in splendid barns?

Restlessly she went down the hall and entered the silent room at the far end. It had been the spare bedroom—now it was the throne-room, for King Death held sway there. The walls were bare and white-washed, the floor painted yellow; the sparse furniture had been taken out and in the centre of the room, on a white sheeted trestle, rested a grey brocade coffin, heavily ornamented with silver. Billows of soft, snowy lace covered the still, still figure inside. Only the hands, looking so unnatural in their quiet repose, and the serene, untroubled face could be seen amid the dainty filling. The girl-bride stood looking calmly down at the quiet figure of the older woman.

"I liked you, Jessie, and I'll miss you," she whispered, "but I can't cry for you. I can't help wondering if you're not glad to be where you are."

The door behind her opened slowly, and she turned to see Ben Martin in the doorway, haggard and weary-eyed. When he saw his sister-in-law he drew back for a moment, then, with sudden resolve, entered the room, closing the door carefully behind him.

"It's you, Betty," he said softly, "No, don't go. I'm glad you're here—you're different—you'll understand. None of the rest would. I wondered how I could bear to do it all alone. Betty, I wonder if you could help me put this on—on Jessie's neck."

He held out a tiny blue case, and, opening it, revealed to her amazed eyes a gold chain, finely woven and delicate, on which was threaded a small, heart-

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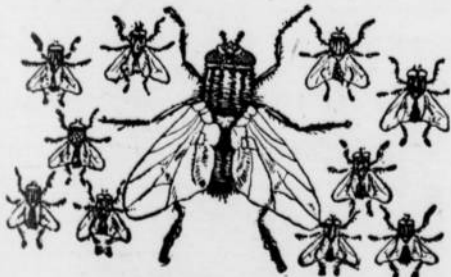
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shaped! locket, set with one perfect pearl.

"Betty, do you s'pose she'll know?" he pleaded. "Don't you think she'll know somehow that I gave it to her at last?"

She could not answer, but her eyes asked a silent question, and he came closer, his awkward hands fumbling with the locket, his gaze on the quiet face in the coffin.

"It's this way, Betty. The first Christmas after we were engaged I asked her what she'd like to have for a present. She looked at me with her big brown eyes shining like stars, and she says, 'Can I really have anything I want, Ben?' and when I told her she could, she says, 'Then I know exactly what I want! Do you think you could really afford a wee heart-shaped locket, on a wee, thin chain, Ben? I've wanted that ever since I can remember.'"

"So I promised it to her, and before Christmas I went to the city to get it, but when I went to the jeweler's store I saw he had a lot of pretty rings on sale. Jessie had said she would wait for an engagement ring, because she said I couldn't afford a good one and she didn't want a cheap one, and now I thought it would be a good chance to get her a real engagement ring and a Christmas present together. So I took her the ring and explained to her, and she seemed just as pleased and happy as could be. I kept promising her she'd have her locket, but the next Christmas we were married, and there seemed so many things we needed. I got her a set of dishes. Once in a long while she'd mention the locket, sort of joking like, and I'd always tell her I'd get it some day, and I intended to, too, Betty, but there always seemed to be other things needed, and by and by I began to get careless about Christmas giving at all. After a few years she quit mentioning the locket, and then I forgot it, I plumb forgot it, Betty! Men are like that you know—I think maybe we all are. I never meant to be thoughtless and careless about her, but things just slipped my mind, and she would never make a fuss about getting them. It was the same with things she needed in the house. I kept intending to get everything, but she was so quiet and uncomplaining it seemed easy to let them go for a while and get something else, I thought I needed badly."

Betty felt, as she followed his longing gaze, that he was trying to explain to the dead woman, desperately striving to make her aware of his remorse, and his anxious desire to mitigate her wrongs.

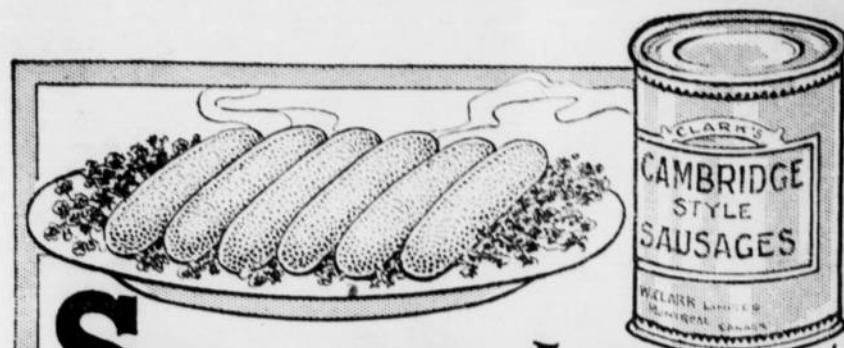
"I loved her," he quavered, a man's hard-wrung tears coursing down his cheeks, "There never was another woman but Jessie in the world for me, but I just neglected her, and forgot to let her know I cared. Then—just a few weeks ago it was—Eva Morse ran in one evening to show her a new present she'd got. I was in the kitchen and I don't think Jessie knew I was there, for when she saw a little heart-shaped locket on Eva's neck, she just sort of gasped, and said, 'My dear, it's lovely! What wouldn't I have given at your age for a locket like that!'"

"I saw her face then and all our old talk about the locket came back to me, and I swore to myself that I'd get her one yet. But—well, I ain't been in to the city since, times have been so busy and then Jessie took sick—My God—before I knew it, she was gone! I come in here this morning and when I saw her lying there so quiet and sweet and patient-like it just seemed I couldn't let her go to her grave without her locket, so I drove to the city and got one, Betty, just like she told me fifteen years ago. Do you think she knows? Do you think there's a chance she knows I got it for her and that I never intended to forget it?"

With streaming eyes Betty touched the pathetic little trinket.

"We'll give it to her anyway, Ben," she whispered, "And we'll ask God to tell her all about it. I know she knows you loved her."

With tender reverent fingers they fastened the tiny clasp and left the golden heart shining on the quiet breast. Then, as he sank to his knees beside his wife, the girl slipped softly away, closing the door behind her, leaving them alone.



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Other
Prizes.

To enter this Contest you must find the Clown, mark the place with an X and send it to us with your name and address. We will then send you a **BIG PRIZE LIST** of the dandy prizes we are offering and particulars of one single condition that we ask you to fulfill. This condition is ever so easy, and need not cost you one cent of your money to fulfill. The prizes are bigger and better than ever, so send your answer right away **NOW** to.

to **SELFAST SPECIALTY CO.**
DEPT. M. - TORONTO, ONT.

Income Tax Payers

Only two persons in Canada had incomes of more than one million dollars during the fiscal year 1920-21. This information was given to H. E. Spence (Progressive, Battle River), in the House of Commons. For the same year 19 corporations paid taxes on incomes of more than \$1,000,000. The aggregate of incomes represented by the amount collected under the Income Tax Act was \$912,410,428. There are 194,357 persons paying income tax in the Dominion.

The graduations according to payments are as follows:

Incomes	Corp's	viduals
\$ 1,000 to \$ 6,000	1,590	171,230
6,000 to 10,000	665	11,534
10,000 to 20,000	529	5,339
20,000 to 30,000	236	1,240
30,000 to 50,000	226	776
50,000 to 75,000	101	238
75,000 to 100,000	85	98
100,000 to 200,000	130	85
200,000 to 400,000	74	17
400,000 to 600,000	22	2
600,000 to 800,000	111	-----
800,000 to 1,000,000	8	-----
Over \$1,000,000	19	2

Canada is either a poorer country than most people think or there is some-

thing wrong with the Income Tax Department. Take by way of comparison New Zealand, which has a population of about 1,100,000. In 1921 it collected over \$40,000,000 in income taxes from 44,597 payers. The assessed income in New Zealand was approximately \$223,034,435 as against \$912,410,428 for Canada, the average income represented by the tax collections being \$5,400 for New Zealand, and \$4,697 for Canada. In New Zealand one in every 25 of the population paid income tax in 1921; in Canada one in 45. On the same basis as New Zealand, Canada should have had 356,776 income tax payers instead of 194,257.

Take as a further comparison the payers with incomes at or below \$5,000. There were 36,047 such payers in New Zealand as against 172,820 in Canada, whose incomes were between \$1,000 and \$6,000. On the basis of comparative population and equal wealth Canada should have at least 289,000 in the \$1,000-\$6,000 class.

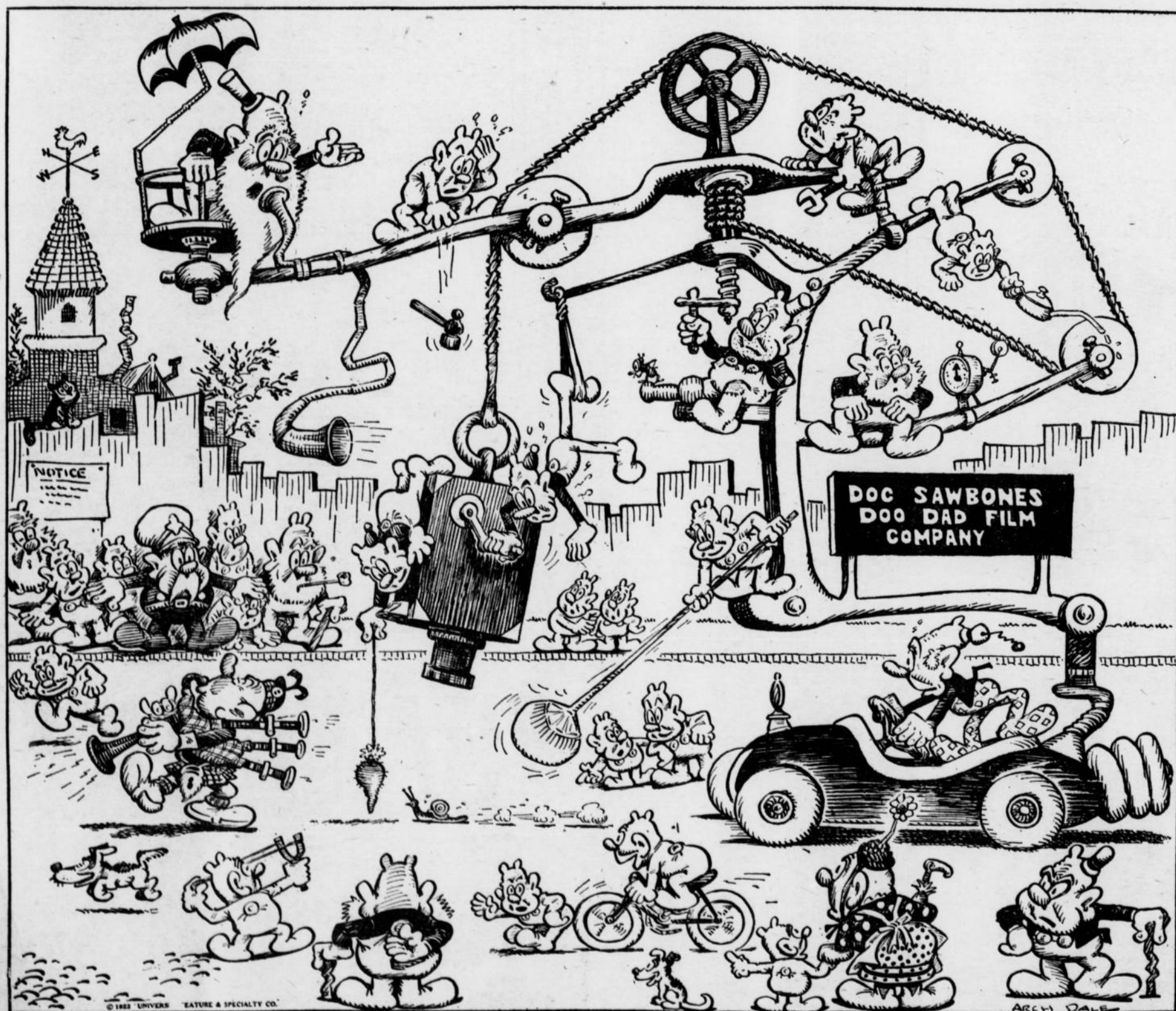
A comparison with the income tax figures of the United States also shows that there is something wrong with the Canadian collections. One in every 15 of the population in the United States pays income tax as compared with one

in 45 in Canada. In the \$1,000-\$5,000 class there are 6,578,382 in the United States out of a population of 115,000,000. On a comparative basis of population Canada should have over 400,000 in that class. It was not to be expected that Canada would rank high with millionaires, but it is hard to believe that in the \$1,000-\$5,000 class this country is behind either the United States or New Zealand. Obviously the Income Tax Department has a long way to go before it gets the income tax on to a solid basis.

Winners of Doo Dad Books in Doo Dad Coloring Contest

Week Ending, July 8

VIRGINIA BRANSAGER, L—, ALTA.
MERLE BRATTON, P—, ALTA.
E. BRONG, B—, ALTA.
CLAYTON CONNOR, C—, SASK.
E. MAY EWEN, K—, MAN.
KORA EWEN, K—, MAN.
JEAN MUNN, M—, SASK.
OSANA. W—, ALTA.



THE DOO DADS—TAKING MOVING PICTURES OF A SNAIL

Nowhere can be found a more progressive, or more enterprising city, than that of Dooville. Pleasant homes, well paved streets and flourishing industries. They even have their movie shows and there is nothing the Doo Dads would rather see than an exciting moving picture. The supply of films in Dooville was rather scarce, so Doc Sawbones organized a company to take pictures for the theatres. Here we have Doc Sawbones and his latest invention. It is an up-to-date moving picture machine, taking a thrilling five reel film of a hungry snail in motion. Doc Sawbones is directing from his high stand, shouting all his instructions through his patent megaphone. Old Nicholas Nutt is at the wheel of the auto, on which the camera is mounted. Nicholas is driving for the very simple reason that he is the most reliable of all the Doo Dads and obeys each command quickly. It is a difficult thing to successfully photograph a moving snail, but Doc Sawbones can do it. See Roly holding the carrot just a little in front of the snail to keep him moving. It is important that the crank be turned properly, and Poly

can do this well, because he has the nerve to hang in the air and still crank steadily. Very great care must be taken that the camera is just the right distance from the snail and in proper focus. Sleepy Sam does this, by turning the crank, which lowers or raises the camera and Poly with it. The Old Professor carefully watches the gauge to make sure that the rope does not run through the pulleys at too great a speed. Doc Sawbones was afraid that the snail might become overheated with so much exercise, and the little Doo Dad was placed in front with the long handled palm leaf fan to keep him cool. Sandy, the Piper, struts in front of the snail piping sweet music on his bag pipes so as to entice him on. Flannelfeet has cleared the streets but is having great trouble keeping some of the little Doo Dads on the sidewalk. Old Man Grouch looks disgusted—but he is really jealous because he was not invited to help Doc Sawbones take moving pictures. How would you like to attend a Doo Dad movie show and see all the funny films that are made by Doc Sawbones and the Doo Dads?

Australian Wheat Pools

Continued from Page 14

amount offering from day to day. The millers will only buy what they need, and if there are more cargoes arriving than they need the price goes down. Then the speculators step in and hold the wheat until there is a falling off in arrivals, and they make a handsome profit on the transaction.

"If we could arrange to feed the market with wheat as it is needed, we should undoubtedly secure a better price, which would be greatly to the advantage of both Canada and Australia, not to the farmers alone, but to the countries generally."

lia, not to the farmers alone, but to the countries generally."

Asked as to the attitude of the trade in Great Britain, Mr. Trethowan stated that the millers were heartily in favor of the pooling plan. They wanted to be able to buy Australian wheat all the year round, whereas under the old system it all came on the market in about three months of the year. The only objection to the plan came from speculative buyers, who in the absence of any regulation of the supply were able to take advantage of the fluctuation of the market to make a profit between the producer and the consumer.

The Farmers' Market

Office of the United Grain Growers Limited, Winnipeg, Man., July 14, 1922

WHEAT—Prices are unchanged to slightly lower for the week. Some export enquiry for high grade wheat and considerable sold. Low grades however not in good demand and spreads on those widened. Option markets dominated greatly by crop conditions which, with the exception of few districts, are excellent. Old crop wheat being pretty well cleaned up by shippers, but indications point to a very early harvest in Manitoba, and consequently little chance of shortage in cash wheat.

FLAX—Firm market with good enquiry for cash article and offerings of light nature. OATS—Market has been rather dull during last week with small volume of trade passing, and prices show very little change from a week ago. Stocks of oats in terminals are small and any volume of new business would no doubt have considerable effect on values. Cash demand at present time is poor, and all contract grades are being applied against sales of July option.

BARLEY—Dull and without feature, with prices slightly off from a week ago. Very little interest taken in this market and do not look for much improvement in values. Cash demand only fair.

WINNIPEG FUTURES

	July 10 to July 15 inclusive	10	11	12	13	14	15	Week Ago	Year Ago
Wheat—									
July 126	127	126	128	128	129	125	185		
Oct. 116	118	117	119	118	116	115	155		
Oats—									
July 51	51	50	51	51	51	51	53		
Oct. 46	47	46	47	46	47	46	50		
Barley—									
July 64	64	63	64	64	64	65	82		
Oct. 60	60	60	60	60	60	61	77		
Flax—									
July 239	239	238	241	243	241	239	190		
Oct. 217	217	216	218	218	216	217	194		
Rye—									
July 82	84	83	84	84	83	83	145		

MINNEAPOLIS CLOSING PRICES

Spring wheat—No. 1 dark northern, \$1.48 to \$1.57; No. 1 northern, \$1.46 to \$1.49; No. 2 dark northern, \$1.45 to \$1.54; No. 2 northern, \$1.42 to \$1.46; No. 3 dark northern, \$1.39 to \$1.51; No. 3 northern, \$1.38 to \$1.42. Montana—No. 1 dark hard, \$1.42 to \$1.44; No. 1 hard, \$1.28 to \$1.29; No. 1, \$1.16 to \$1.19; No. 2, \$1.18 to \$1.21; No. 2, \$1.13 to \$1.16; No. 3 amber, \$1.11 to \$1.18; No. 3, \$1.07 to \$1.12. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 58c to 59c; No. 3 yellow, 57c to 58c; No. 4 yellow, 55c to 56c; No. 2 mixed, 57c to 58c. Oats—No. 2 white, 33c to 34c; No. 3 white, 32c to 33c; No. 4 white, 31c to 32c. Barley—Choice to fancy, 58c to 60c; medium to good, 54c to 57c; lower grades, 50c to 53c. Rye—No. 2, 79c to 81c. Flaxseed—No. 1, \$2.69 to \$2.71.

WINNIPEG

Choice butcher steers	\$6.50 to \$7.00
Fair to good steers	5.75 to 6.25
Medium steers	4.75 to 5.50
Common steers	4.00 to 4.50
Choice butcher heifers	6.00 to 6.50
Fair to good heifers	4.50 to 5.50
Choice butcher cows	4.00 to 4.50
Fair to good cows	3.25 to 3.75
Medium cows	2.25 to 3.00
Canners and cutters	1.25 to 2.00
Good bulls	2.50 to 3.00
Common bulls	1.75 to 2.00
Good oxen	4.25 to 4.75
Medium oxen	3.00 to 4.00
Common oxen	2.00 to 2.75
Choice feeder steers	4.50 to 5.00
Fair to good steers	3.00 to 4.00
Choice stocker steers	3.25 to 4.00
Fair to good steers	2.25 to 3.00
Choice stocker heifers	3.25 to 3.75
Fair to good heifers	2.25 to 3.00
Choice calves	6.50 to 7.50
Good calves	5.00 to 6.00
Common calves	3.00 to 4.50

WOOL MARKET REPORT

In Eastern Canada the larger proportion

WHEAT PRICES

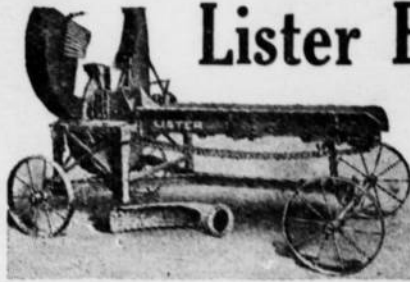
July 10 to July 15 inclusive

Date	1 N	2 N	3 N	4	5	6
July 10	133	131	119	106	98	89
11	133	131	120	107	99	90
12	132	130	119	106	98	89
13	136	133	121	109	101	91
14	136	132	121	109	101	92
15	138	134	122	111	102	92
Week Ago	133	131	118	106	99	90
Year Ago	186	183	180

Cash Prices at Fort William and Port Arthur, July 10 to July 15, inclusive

Date	WHEAT Feed	2 CW	3 CW	OATS Ex Fd	1 Fd	2 Fd	3 CW	4 CW	Rej.	Fd	1 NW	2 CW	3 CW	2 CW	RYE
July 10	...	51	48	48	46	43	64	61	58	57	242	236	221	82	...
11	...	51	48	48	46	43	64	61	58	57	242	236	221	84	...
12	...	51	48	48	46	43	63	60	58	57	241	235	220	83	...
13	...	50	47	47	45	42	64	61	58	58	244	237	221	84	...
14	...	51	48	48	46	43	64	61	59	59	242	237	221	83	...
15	...	51	48	48	46	43	64	61	59	59	242	237	221	83	...
Week Ago	...	51	48	48	46	44	65	63	60	59	241	236	221	83	...
Year Ago	...	53	50	50	48	48	82	78	73	72	190	186	160	145	...

For Sunflower and Corn Growers Lister Ensilage Cutter



Nowhere will you find a more satisfactory ensilage cutter than the Lister. Of large capacity and great strength, it is equal to the hardest tests imaginable for such a machine. The price is low for such a high-grade implement.

Every Dairyman Can Afford a Melotte

The world-wide reputation of the Melotte for its infinite superiority has naturally associated itself in the minds of most people with the idea of high price; yet the purchase price of a Melotte is no more than that of various other makes of ordinary separators, while the saving in cream it effects and the years of service it gives makes it worth far more.

Let us tell you about the patented self-balancing bowl—the device which has solved the problem of perfect skimming.

We Make Allowances for Second-hand Separators

Trade in your old separator on a new Melotte.

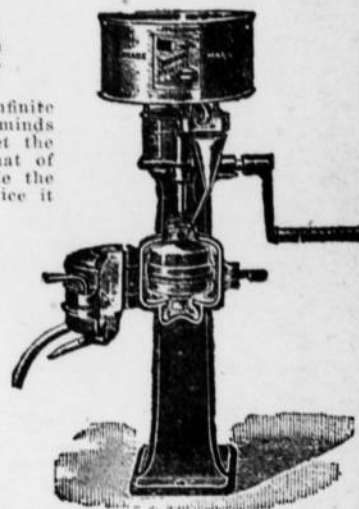
EASY PAYMENTS

Write for Catalogue.

SEE OUR EXHIBIT AT BRANDON, REGINA AND EDMONTON EXHIBITIONS

Other Lister Lines: Lister-Bruston and Lister-Phelps Electric Lighting Plants; Premier Cream Separators; Silos; Gas Engines (Stationary and Portable); Sawing Outfits; Pump Jacks, etc.

R. A. LISTER & CO. (Canada) Limited
WINNIPEG, MAN. EDMONTON, ALTA.



The Cheerful Plowman

By J. Edw. Tuft



Look Into It

"Look into it" is a phrase I am certain always pays. Often we'll avoid the worst if we "look into it" first. Once a salesman, glib and swell, came around with land to sell, land a thousand miles away; "all the time on earth to pay—interest low—a boom in sight—fortunes budding over night!" Did I purchase? Yes, you bet, and I'm paying interest yet! There was no one near to cry, "Look into it ere you buy!" Once a neighbor friend of mine saw big profits up the line, saw a chance to make a splash if he only had the cash. Well, he tried and I'm the goat, for I signed his plagued note! "Look into it," don't you see, might have saved both him and me? I misjudged old Tony Spears, badly, sadly, many years, just because when he first came out to settle on his claim, someone said who seemed to know, "I knew Tony years ago; take a hint from me, old head, watch him close, alive or dead!" As the years have gone and come, I've found Tony square and plumb! Someone should have said to me, "Look into it," don't you see! Once I bought some pumpkin seed, some untried, new-fangled breed—"Twil grow pumpkins fat and strong, vines some ninety fathoms long"; that was what the package said, but I found myself misled; sunshine came and zephyrs blew—neither vines nor pumpkins grew! Yes, I had a catnip fit, but did not "look into it." O'er and o'er, and o'er and o'er, backwards, sideways and before, this old lesson I have learned, in my brain it's surely burned, that the man who's not a chump, takes a look before a jump. Yes, sir, yes, sir, that old phrase, "Look into it," always pays!

Honey, Syrup, Fruits, Vegetables, Etc.

GOLDENROD HONEY, GOOD FLAVOR, RICH and thick. Crate of one 60-pound tin, net weight, \$6.00; crate of two tins, \$11. Few crates six ten-pound pails light amber honey, \$7.00, f.o.b. Theford, Ontario. Money with order or c.o.d. Stanley Rufford, formerly Rufford and Fretz, 28-5

BLUEBERRIES—DIRECT FROM THE FIELDS to you, \$2.00 a basket, 15 pounds net, f.o.b. Gunne. Remit with your order to "Farmers' Co-operative Club Ltd., P.O. Waldhof, Ont. U.F.O. 282. 26-8

NEW HONEY—NEW PRICES, PURE WHITE clover, \$9.00 cash per crate of six ten-pound pails, f.o.b. Toronto. Reference, Standard Bank, Bloor Branch. N. K. McLean, 37 Armstrong Ave., Toronto, Ont. 28-4

PRUNES! PRUNES! ITALIAN PRUNES with that delicious tart-sweet flavor, \$1.00 20-pound crate; \$1.75 express prepaid. Cash with order. Price list other fruits. Quality Fruit Farms, Chilliwack, B.C. 28-5

GOOSEBERRIES, \$2.00; RED CURRANTS, \$2.00; black currants, \$2.75; raspberries, \$3.25. W. G. Littlejohn, Erickson, B.C. 28-3

GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS

DR. SCOTT'S ELECTRIC HAIR BRUSHES and combs will relieve headache. Brushes, \$1.50, \$3.00, \$4.50. Ladies' combs, \$1.15; gent's, 75c., postpaid. P. Moon, 2039 Louise Ave., Brandon, Man. 27-4

SELLING—NEW WHIP-HOLDERS FOR WHIP-pling up lead team from driver's seat, satisfaction guaranteed, \$5.00 each. Write for circular. H. Gorrell, Oxbow, Sask. 26-5

BAND AND ORCHESTRA INSTRUMENTS. Our specialty, saxophones and melody cornets. Write for catalog and prices. Wray's Music Store, Winnipeg. 26-5

ACTOR'S AND COMEDIAN'S MAKE-UP BOX, contains moustache, whiskers and paints. Complete \$1.00. Wray's Music Store, Winnipeg.

FOR SALE. CHEAP—ORCHESTRA TRAP drums. Particulars, J. Kenny, Elm Creek, Man.

PRODUCE

Poultry and Eggs Wanted

Hens, 4 lbs. and over.....18c-20c
Young Roosters (any age), No. 1.....12c
Turkeys, 9 lbs. and over.....24c
Broilers, 9 to 15 lbs.....24c
Eggs.....Highest Market Price
Prices f.o.b. Winnipeg. Crates prepaid to any part of Manitoba or Sask. Prompt returns.
THE ROYAL PRODUCE COMPANY
97 ATKINS ST., WINNIPEG

LIVE POULTRY WANTED

Hens, in good condition.....Up to 20c
Young Roosters.....15c Old Roosters.....12c
Turkeys, 9 lbs. and over.....24c
Old Hens.....20c
Broilers.....Up to 28c
Eggs.....Highest Market Price
All quotations f.o.b. Winnipeg. Crates prepaid to any part of Manitoba or Sask. Prompt returns.
CANADIAN PRODUCE CO.
83 LUSTED STREET WINNIPEG

LIVE POULTRY

SHIP TO THE OLD STAND, EVER WATCHFUL, EVER RELIABLE.

Our weekly Special Offer, Fat Old Hens, 22c lb., Winnipeg.

CONSOLIDATED PACKERS LTD.
237 FLORA AVENUE WINNIPEG

Index to Classified Advertisements

Livestock	Situations Vacant.
Poultry	Situations Wanted.
Seeds	Solicitors—Patent and Legal.
Farm Land	Taxidermy.
Farm Machinery and	Honey, Syrup, Fruits,
Auto.	Vegetables, etc.
Nursery Stock	General Miscellaneous.
Hay and Feed	Produce.
Lumber, Fence Posts,	
etc.	

LIVESTOCK

See also General Miscellaneous

Various

BLACKLEG

WITH a view to testing a new cure for blackleg the discoverer wishes, at his own expense, to treat a limited number of cattle in Saskatchewan suffering from this disease. Owners of diseased animals write to the undersigned for particulars.

ROSS & GRAHAM
SOLICITORS - MOOSE JAW, SASK.

HORSES

HAVING SOLD PASTURE LAND, 40 GRADE Clydesdales, three to eight years, must be sold for \$4,000 cash. A. Cowan, Golden Plain, Sask.

300 HEAD HORSES AND MARES. CAR LOTS. Cash. If you can handle car, see me. Geo. H. Coulter, Plapout, Sask. 29-5

CATTLE—Holsteins

SELLING—REGISTERED HOLSTEIN COWS, bulls and heifers. Mrs. M. A. Hethington, Strasburg, Sask. 29-2

REGISTERED HOLSTEIN BULLS, \$75. McKinstry and Lowe, Frazee, Minnesota. 28-5

SELLING—PURE-BRED HOLSTEIN BULLS, Maple Leaf Dairy, Riston, Man. 27-3

Ayrshires

PURE-BRED AYRSHIRE BULL CALVES, three to seven months, \$25 to \$50; sire, Grandview Freetrader. James Allan, Hughenden, Alta. 28-2

SHEEP AND GOATS

WOOL GROWERS

WHY not send your wool to us and have it made into blankets, Mackinaw, tweed, shirting, sheeting, homespun dress goods, yarns, etc., at the actual cost of manufacturing, saving the jobber's and retailer's profits? Samples and prices sent on request. Satisfaction guaranteed.—D. FULLER & SON, BANCROFT, ONT.

50 HEAD CHOICE GRADE OXFORD-DOWN ewes and lambs for sale, cheap. Box 348, Young, Sask. 28-2

SWINE—Berkshires

BACON TYPE BERKSHIRES

SIXTY head of splendid young stock ready to ship. Long, smooth, short legged. \$15 and \$20 each. Express prepaid. Pairs and trios unrelated. Satisfaction guaranteed. JAMES M. EWENS, BETHANY, MAN.

MEADOWLAND FARM BERKSHIRES REGISTERED April pigs from long, deep, mature sows, \$16. Selected pigs from first litters, \$14. Sired by University boar. Few choice unrelated pairs, \$28. M. W. BAILEY - DRUID, SASK.

BACON TYPE BERKSHIRE BOARS—APRIL and May pigs, from long, deep, mature sows, \$16 each and up, according to quality; papers included. Satisfaction guaranteed. The Kelfield Improved Berkshire Club, Kelfield, Sask. 27-3

REGISTERED BERKSHIRES—PIGS FROM long mature sows, April and May litters, \$15 and \$20 each, according to age, and can furnish unrelated pairs. Howard Marr, Millet, Alta. 25-6

SELLING—BACON TYPE BERKSHIRES, registered. April farrow, boar pigs, \$15; sow pigs, \$16. May farrow, boar pigs, \$13; sow pigs, \$14. John Giles, Crossfield, Alta. 25-6

REGISTERED BERKSHIRES, BACON TYPE, April farrow, 15 dollars, eight weeks, f.o.b. Elfros, C.P.; Wadena, C.N. J. McPherson, Wadena, Sask. 26-5

REGISTERED BACON BERKSHIRES, APRIL farrow, \$12.50 each, papers free. Year old boar, registered Berkshire, real good one, \$35, with papers. D. Fawns, Pennant, Sask. 28-6

REGISTERED BERKSHIRES, BACON TYPE, March and April farrow, sire prize-winning son of Ames Rival, 148, all extra quality, \$15 and \$20 each. David Low, 1927 Seath St., Regina, Sask. 28-3

REGISTERED BERKSHIRE WEANLINGS, \$15 each. Cecil Morrison, Grenfell, Sask. 28-3

CHOICE BERKSHIRES, MAY 18 LITTER, \$14. Ship C.N. or C.P. Geo. A. Park, Yarbo, Sask. 28-3

Yorkshires

REGISTERED YORKSHIRE PIGS, FARROWED May 22, prize-winning stock, eight weeks, \$17. John A. Thomson, Lacombe, Alta. 26-4

REGISTERED YORKSHIRES, BOTH SEX, \$15 each, farrowed May 18; papers furnished. Thos. W. Raeburn, Bricecrest, Sask. 28-3

YORKSHIRE WEANLINGS, WILLOW FARM quality. Prices reasonable. M. J. Howes & Sons, Millet, Alta. 27-6

YORKSHIRES, BORN APRIL 20, \$15 EACH. Ernest Osborne, Fleming, Sask. 28-6

Poland-Chinas

REGISTERED POLAND-CHINA SPRING PIGS, from imported stock. Otto Mills, Togo, Sask. 27-5

FOR BIGGER AND BETTER POLAND-CHINAS, write Bittern Lake Ranch, Bittern Lake, Alta. 28-4

Duroc-Jerseys

FOR SALE—REGISTERED DUROC-JERSEY spring pigs and bred sows, bacon type. Wallace Dwyer, Treherne, Man. 26-6

REGISTERED DUROCS, 30 MALES, 35 FEMALES, \$12 to \$17, eight weeks, sired by sons of Orlean Masterpiece, Top King 5 and Gold Model 2. C. H. Larson, Penzance, Sask. 25-5

PURE-BRED DUROC-JERSEY PIGS, APRIL litter, \$12 each; papers \$1.00 extra. H. A. Mack, Redveer, Sask. 27-3

REGISTERED DUROC-JERSEYS, FROM Bailey's prize winners, both sexes, long type. M. D. Brown, Hawarden, Sask. 28-3

FOR SALE—PURE-BRED DUROC-JERSEY pigs, three months old. Choice boar, 15 months, \$40. La Brash, Duck Lake, Sask. 28-3

REGISTERED DUROCS, EITHER SEX, SEVEN to ten weeks, \$12 to \$15; herd sire extra good. R. Murray, Tofteld, Alta. 29-3

PURE-BRED DUROCS, TEN WEEKS, BAILEY strain, \$9.00. George B. Fessenden, Loversa, Sask. 28-3

Tamworths

REGISTERED TAMWORTHS, FARROWED March and June. I. S. Norton, Melville, Sask. 29-2

FARMERS' MARKET PLACE

WHERE YOU BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE

No money is wasted in Guide classified ads. You say your say in the least number of words and we put your ad. where nobody will overlook it. Over 80,000 farmers can find your ad. every time it runs. Most important—it will run where the most advertising of this kind is run, and where most people (who are in the market) look for offerings. Try the economical way of Guide classified ads. We get results for others and can do it for you.

FARMERS' CLASSIFIED—Farmers' advertising of livestock, poultry, seed grain, machinery, etc., 9 cents a word for 1 or 2 weeks—8 cents a word for 3 or 4 consecutive weeks ordered at once—7 cents a word for 5 or 6 weeks ordered at once. Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word, as for example: "T. P. White has 2,100 acres for sale" contains eight words. Be sure and sign your name and address. Do not have any answers come to The Guide. The name and address must be counted as part of the advertisement and paid for at the same rate. All advertisements must be classified under the heading which applies most closely to the article advertised. All orders for classified advertising must be accompanied by cash. Advertisements for this page must reach us seven days in advance of publication day, which is every Wednesday. Orders for cancellation must also reach us seven days in advance.

LIVESTOCK DISPLAY CLASSIFIED—\$6.75 per inch per week; 5 weeks for the price of 4; 9 weeks for the price of 7; 13 weeks for the price of 10. Stock cuts supplied free of charge. Cuts made to order. Cost \$5.00 apiece.

COMMERCIAL—9 cents a word classified—or \$8.40 an inch classified display—flat.

Address all letters to The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

DOGS, FOXES, FURS & PET STOCK

HIGH-CLASS COLLIE AND SHEPHERD PUPS, cheap; natural heel drivers. Mankato Kennels, Mankato, Minn. 25-5

SELLING—PURE-BRED RUSSIAN PUPS, Russian grey and Irish cross pups, also trained dogs. J. E. Patton, Kincaid, Sask. 25-5

COLLIE PUPPIES, FROM EXTRA GOOD heifers, \$5.00. Guilbert, Petersfield, Man. 29-5

FOR SALE—WELL-BRED COLLIE PUPS, \$5.00 each. Jos. A. Zender, Provost, Alta. 27-3

POULTRY

See also General Miscellaneous

L. F. SOLLY, LAKEVIEW POULTRY FARM, Westholme, B.C., breeder of very vigorous heavy-laying strains of White Wyandottes and White Leghorns. Order your breeding stock and pullets now. Write for illustrated catalogue and price list.

SEEDS

See also General Miscellaneous

Grass Seed

BROME AND WESTERN RYE GRASS SEED of best quality, mixed half and half, at 10 cents per pound. Winning at provincial seed fair. Free pamphlet re culture. Prompt shipment. Allow 14 pounds per acre. We specialize. Hallman Grass Seed Growers, Benton (C.N.R.), or Empress (C.P.R.), Alta. 18-1

WESTERN RYE GRASS, GUARANTEED FREE from noxious weeds, government germination test 95%. Supplied 4,400 pounds to government institutions for seed purposes. 8 cents pound, sacks free. W. T. McAulay, Box 668, Saskatoon, Sask. 28-3

SELLING—WESTERN RYE GRASS SEED, good heavy seed, grown on clean land, five cents per pound, sacked. Elmer Conn, Innisfail, Alta. 26-5

RYE GRASS, CHOICEST QUALITY, RE-cleaned, 6½ cents pound. Satisfaction guaranteed. Can ship collect. F. Whiting, Traynor, Sask. 27-11

Wheat

WINTER WHEAT RIFENS AHEAD OF RUST, frost; hardy western-grown seed, \$4.00 bushel. Robt. Blane, Harrowby, Man. 26-5

Rye

GENUINE WINTER RYE, CLEAN, NO NOXIOUS WEEDS, 97% germination, machine run, bushel, \$1.00, sacks included. J. Wake, Borden, Sask. 26-5

GOOD FALL RYE, 6½ POUNDS TO BUSHEL, \$1.25 per bushel, cleaned and sacked. Thos. E. Robinson, Hardisty, Alta. 25-5

CLUB TOGETHER, BUY FALL RYE IN CAR lots, 85 cents, cleaned, f.o.b. H. W. Ellerton, Lawson, Sask. 28-3

FALL RYE, CLEANED, HIGH GERMINATION, free ergot and noxious weeds, \$1.00 bushel, f.o.b. Unity, Sask. D. F. McEachern. 28-3

FALL RYE, 80c. BUSHEL, BAGS EXTRA. T. Korstad, Camrose, Alta. 29-2

FALL RYE SEED, \$1.00 BUSHEL, CLEANED and sacked. C. Christensen, Holden, Alta. 28-2

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD FALL RYE, \$1.00 bushel on ear at Broderick, Sask. Knute Brevik. 28-3

FARM LANDS

See also General Miscellaneous

RANCH OR MIXED FARM

For Sale by Tender

Parcel No. 1—That portion of the W. half and S.E. 33 and N.E. 20, 49, 26 west third meridian in the Province of Saskatchewan, with frontage on Big Gully Lake; fenced and division fenced; spring water runs all year; eighty acres arable land, rest pasture; good buildings, barn 32x60, granary 16x24, seven-roomed house, 26x34.

Parcel No. 2—That portion of the S. half of section 4, 50, 26 west third meridian in Province of Saskatchewan; 280 acres rolling land, half-mile frontage on Big Gully Lake; 40 acres arable; balance pasture; small frame house.

These are ideal mixed farms, sold either separately or together. Possession April 1, 1923. Sealed tenders stating terms to be in the hands of DAVIS & DAVIDSON, Barristers, Neepawa, Manitoba, by August 10, 1922. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

GOOD HALF-SECTION OF WHEAT LAND, 3½ miles from Guernsey, small buildings, 150 acres under crop. Will sell without crop for \$7,500, or consider offers with crop. Mrs. McMeans, Guernsey, Sask. 28-2

I HAVE CASH BUYERS FOR SALEABLE farms. Will deal with owners only. Give description and cash price. Morris M. Perkins, 601 Galtier Bldg., Columbia, Mo.

IRRIGATED FARMS IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA

Situated in the famous VAUXHALL DISTRICT. Bow River Irrigation Project.

WE are selling the finest land in Alberta at \$40 to \$75 per acre with full water right. One-fifth cash down, balance in easy, equal payments over 18 years on amortization plan, first instalment of which is not due until at least two years after date of initial cash payment. It will pay you to investigate.

CANADA LAND AND IRRIGATION CO. LTD., MEDICINE HAT, ALTA.

You Can Make a Good Living

ON Vancouver Island, B.C., on from five acres upwards, in small fruit growing, poultry or mixed farming, and be really enjoying life to our wonderful climate. You never freeze; you never roast; no mosquitoes. Write for pamphlets, maps and information about improved or unimproved land.

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VICTORIA, B.C.

\$700 SECURES FARM NEAR TOWN, 134 ACRES, with horses, cows, six hogs, implements, tools, etc., thrown in for quick sale; in rich farming district, just outside live R.R. town; heavy cropping tillage for oats, barley, vegetables, etc., ample pasture, valuable woodlot; well-located five-room house, 50-foot barn, well water. Owner's other interests pressing, \$2,500 gets all, only \$700 down, easy terms. Details this and many bargains, farms equipped and ready to operate throughout all Canadian provinces, section 2, bargain catalog Free. Strout Farm Agency, 13 B.B. King St. West, Toronto, Canada.

*320 ACRES, WITH GROWING CROPS, FOUR horses, five cows, poultry and binder, cream separator, implements, tools; 200 acres under cultivation; on improved road, mile R.R. village; fine marketing facilities; level, machine-worked fields, loamy soil; wire-fenced, 25-cow pasture; 50 acres wood; good two-story house overlooking village; barn, stable, granaries, garage. Owner called away, \$6,500 takes all, only \$2,500 down. Wm. L. Morton, Strout Farm Agency, Lauder, Man., Can.

HALF-SECTION, SEVEN MILES FROM INVERMAY, all fenced; 35 broke; house, stables, good water. \$15 acre, balance 12 years. James Enright, Invermay, Sask. 25-5

SELL YOUR PROPERTY QUICKLY FOR CASH, no matter where located. Particulars free. Real Estate Salesman Co., Dept. 18, Lincoln, Nebr. 11

WANTED—TO HEAR FROM OWNER OF LAND for sale. O. K. Hawley, Baldwin, Wisconsin. 28-4

SELLING—160 ACRES, BEST WHEAT LAND. B. Bouhaden, St. Brieux, Sask. 29-3

FARM MACHINERY & AUTOS

We have the following Second-hand Machinery For Sale at attractive prices:

One 15-27 Case Tractor, extension rims, Bosch magnetos; has been run two seasons; in first-class shape. One 25-h.p. Simple Case Engine, Alberta boiler. One 40x60 Case Steel Separator, complete with drive belt; both in good shape, ready to thresh; small cash payment, terms for balance. One 15-27 Case Gas Tractor, Bosch magnetos; done very little work, slightly used, in splendid condition; terms can be arranged. Apply THE McASKILL ADAMSON CO. LTD., Gladstone, Man.

MAGNETO REPAIRING

SEND IT TO US—IT'S OUR SPECIALTY

Official Representatives
BOSCH, Dixie, Splittorf, Berling, K.-W., Kingston, Simms, Webster, Wizzard and Teagle Magnetos. We are the only official representatives of the different makes of magnetos mentioned in our district.

MAGNETO SERVICE STATION LTD.
14th AVE. and BROAD ST., REGINA, Sask.

FOR SALE—MARSHALL 30-60 TRACTOR, first-class road grader, in A1 condition; also Jackson sheaf loader and carrier, ready to go in the field. We have quite a list of overhauled steam engines, gas tractors and separators. Send for list. McKenzie Thresher Co. Ltd., Indian Head, Sask.

FOR SALE—STANLEY JONES THRESHER, 1920 model, 28-inch cylinder wind stacker high bagger, wide sleeves, 15-horse engine, Webster magnetos, 18-inch pulley, all mounted on five-inch trucks. Price \$600, f.o.b. Consort, Alta. W. H. Shoup, Consort, Alta. 28-3

SELLING—GOODISON SEPARATOR, 36-60, \$650; and Aultman-Taylor separator, 32-50, \$1,150; good as new. Also steam engine, 22 H.P., and kerosene tractor, 25 H.P. Will trade tractor for steam engine, 16 H.P. Rumely. Box 119, Winnipeg Beach, Man.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, SIX-QUART, \$3.50; two-quart, \$1.90. Cleveland bicycles, nearly new, \$25.00. 2½-inch flues, 15c. foot. 25 rebuilt tractors, Rumely, Titan, Case, Waterloo Boy; five second separators, 28-inch, 28-inch, 32-inch. Cheap for cash. C. S. Jones, Roland, Man.

SELLING—STEAM TRACTOR, 25-HORSE Aultman and Taylor, with 32-50 Aultman and Taylor thresher and eight-bottom plows. Also 15-30 Titan with plows, as good as new. Alfred Belley, Cluny, Alta. 29-5

FOR SALE—ONE WATERMAN WATERBURY heating and ventilating system, new. For further particulars apply Joseph H. Likowski, secretary, Ponass Lake School District, No. 854, Ponass Lake, Sask. 28-2

SELLING—THRESHING OUTFIT, 15-30 Rumely oil-pull, Rumely Ideal separator, 28-44; cook car, caboose and oil tank. Price \$1,800; half cash, balance this fall. Lorne McAnulty, Brock, Sask. 28-3

SELLING—STEAM THRESHING OUTFIT, 28-48 separator, 22 H.P. engine, one triplex 14-inch engine gang plow, in good condition. Will trade for good condition car or cattle. J. C. Jensen, Macgregor, Man. 27-3

SELL OR EXCHANGE FOR SMALLER OUTFIT—65 H.P. Case steam engine, 32-56, Avery separator, all complete, A1 condition. Ralph Bricker, Strone, Alta. 28-3

FOR SALE—WATERLOO STEAM ENGINE AND Oliver eight-gang plow, cheap for cash. Engine adapted to threshing. Davls and Davidson, Neepawa, Man. 29-3

FOR SALE—30-60 AULTMAN-TAYLOR ENGINE and 36-56 Red River Special separator, good condition and price right. John Cook, Earl Grey, Sask. 28-3

SELLING—SAWYER-MASSEY STEAM ENGINE, 24-horse compound, 140 pounds pressure; Garden City feeder, 28-inch. Chas. Hy. Jekylls, Semans, Sask. 29-2

SELLING—28-INCH CASE SEPARATOR, WITH Garden City feeder, fan blower. Terms, \$800 cash, or \$500 down, balance on terms. Howard McRoberts, Alliance, Alta. 29-2

WANTED—36-INCH SEPARATOR, ALSO gasoline tractor to run same. Pay part cash, balance farm land. Write immediately. T. F. Hubie, 701 Union Trust Bldg., Winnipeg. 29-3

FOR SALE—COMBINATION THRESHING outfit, 24-36 Waterloo separator, 10-horse gasoline Good, Shapley, Muir engine, hand feeder, straw carrier, \$300 cash. Walter Tittle, Beulah, Man. 29-3

RUMELY STEAM, 25, NEW FLUES LAST fall, first-class condition, \$1,200; three years to responsible party. D. E. Johnson, Conquest, Sask. 29-5

SELLING—STEAM THRESHER COMPLETE, caboose, tanks. Wm. Johnston, Box 65, Kisbey, Sask. 27-3

SELLING—15-30 INTERNATIONAL TRACTOR, in perfect condition, just threshed 65 days. Terms, Frank Dickie, Minnedosa, Man. 27-3

10-20 TITAN SEPARATOR AND PLOW for sale, or trade for larger tractor or separator. C. A. Shier, Colonsay, Sask. 27-3

SELLING—CASE STEAM ENGINE, RUMELY separator, Snap on terms. Th. S. Axdal, Wynyard, Sask. 28-2

SACRIFICE—STEWART COMBINATION sheaf loader, perfect order, used two seasons, \$150, f.o.b. station. Julius Kachel, Huxley, Alta. 28-2

WANTED—FORKNER CULTIVATOR, No. 34, good condition or new. A. J. Jolly, Aylesbury, Sask. 28-2

FOR SALE—36-60 AVERY SEPARATOR, whole or parts for repairs. R. C. Watson, Wawanesa, Man. 28-5

FOR SALE OR TRADE—20-HORSE COMPOUND Sawyer-Massey portable steam engine, in good condition. Box 5, Oak Lake, Man. 28-2

SELLING—25 H.P. STEAM TRACTOR, 36-56 separator, Waterloo make, good condition. J. W. Rollins, Sangruth, Man. 28-4

12-25 WATERLOO BOY TRACTOR, THREE years old, \$300 cash, f.o.b. Dugald, Man. A. E. Studham. 29-2

FOR SALE—ONE TORONTO PUMPING WINDMILL, eight-foot wheel, 40-foot tower, in good condition. C. C. Law, Reston, Man. 29-2

WANTED—SEPARATOR, IN GOOD CONDITION, not larger than 22-inch. State price. McCombie Bros., Tisdale, Sask. 28-3

SELLING—DEERING 20-16 DISC HARROW, with tandem attachment, in good condition, tractor hitch, \$120. J. A. Boney, Viewfield, Sask. 29-3

FOR SALE, OR TRADE FOR SMALLER tractor—45 Mogul and 36 separator, A1 condition. Box 75, Lashburn, Sask. 29-3

FORDSON ONE-MAN BINDER OUTFIT, UN-used. Hitch, \$15. Extension controls, \$25. Arthur L. Smith, Hanna, Alta. 28-3

SELLING—20-40 CASE, WITH SIX-BOTTOM plow, good condition. Will trade for smaller tractor. Peter D. Harms, Box 9, Morris, Man. 28-3

FOR SALE—STEWART SHEAF LOADER, first-class condition. Apply J. M. McDougall, Ninga, Man. 29-3

SELLING—STEWART SHEAF LOADER, IN good working order, used two short seasons, \$350. Parchman Bros., La Fleche, Sask. 28-3

SELLING—J. I. CASE THRESHING MACHINE, 28-50, with new Garden City feeder. Stanbridge & Son, Box 22, Stonewall, Man. 29-4

SELL OR EXCHANGE—30-INCH SEPARATOR for larger. Charles Aigren, Griffin, Sask. 29-2

FOR SALE—20-40 CASE TRACTOR, CHEAP for cash. D. Huddleston, Consort, Alta. 29-2

SELLING—RUMELY OIL-PULL 30-60; TWO sets eight-furrow plows. A. Schurr, Ernfold, Sask. 28-3

HAY AND FEED

OATS—WE BUY BY SAMPLE OR GRADE, government outturn. Hay for sale or any kind of feed, car lots or less. Laing Bros. Ltd., Winnipeg. 21-13

LUMBER, FENCE POSTS, ETC.

FARM SUPPLIES—BOTTOM WHOLESALE prices on sugar, salt, groceries, also fence posts, lumber, doors, windows. Write McCollum Lbr. & Supply Co., Union Trust Bldg., Winnipeg. 28-3

CORWOOD—WRITE FOR DELIVERED prices. Enterprise Lumber Co., Edmonton, Alta.

SITUATIONS VACANT

SALESMAN WANTED FOR MANITOBA, Saskatchewan and Alberta to represent "Canada's greatest nurseries." Largest list of hardy varieties, recommended by Western Experimental Stations. Highest commissions, exclusive territory, handsome free outfit. Stone and Wellington, Toronto, Ont. 29-6

TEACHERS WANTED

WANTED—FEMALE TEACHER, HOLDING second class certificate, for S.D. No. 2735, for school term commencing 15th August. Salary \$900 per ordinance. Apply with full particulars to the secretary-treasurer, Chas. E. Michie, Cherrhill, Alta.

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